







RAMP and The Dose to the Lens of the Eye



Fall 2018 RAMP Meeting

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Office of Nuclear Regulatory Research

United States Nuclear Regulatory Commission



Agenda/Goals

- RAMP Program Why are we having an Dose to the Lens of the Eye Symposium during a RAMP Meeting?
 - Joint Health Canada/US NRC Request
 - NRCs Office of Research
 - Monitoring the Science
 - REIRS Database Reporting Requirements for LDE
 - Cooperative Research Program RAMP
 - International Collaboration
 - Developing confirmatory tools such as computer codes

Special Joint Canadian Nuclear Safety Commission and U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Symposium on the:

Dose to the Lens of the Eye

October 31, 2018

Albert at Bay Suite Hotel, Ottawa, Canada

FEATURED PRESENTATIONS:

The Canadian

Nuclear

Safety

Dose to the Lens of the Eye: ICRP's Latest Recommendations Christopher Clement, **ICRP**

Development of a

Deterministic Eye

Dosimetry Model

Renaissance Code

David Boozer.

Oregon State

University, and

David Hamby,

Development

Commission's Perspective on the ICRP's Rebecca Tadesse

U.S. Nuclear

Regulatory

Recommendations U.S. NRC

Hp(3) Comes

Views from a

Landauer, Inc.

into Focus:

Christopher

Passmore.

the Eye Adelene Gaw. Canadian Nuclear Safety Commission Epidemiology and Mechanistic Effects of Radiation on the Lens Health Physicist of the Eye: Review

Limits for Lens to

and Scientific Appraisal of the Literature Phung Kim Tran, Electric Power Research Institute

Operational Considerations for Dosimetry Service Commission's Dose Providers and Dose Registries

Keith Henderson and Philippe Prince, University Health Canada

Benchmarking Dose Modeling for Eve Cataracts Vinita Chauhan, Health Canada

Eye Dosimetry Using VARSKIN Logan Anspach & Nicholas McDaniel. Oregon State

Australia's Response to the ICRP's Recommendation Blake Orr. Australian Radiation Protection and Nuclear Safety

Agency

To register, please provide your name, email, and organization to RAMP @nrc.gov





Nuclear Regulatory Research

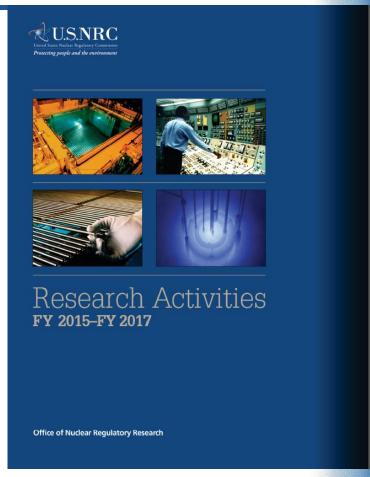
- Mandated by Congress
- Three technical divisions:
 - Division of Engineering
 - Division of Risk Analysis
 - Division of Systems Analysis (RAMP)
- About 200 engineers, scientists, analysts, and support staff.
 - ~ 30% M.S. and 30% Ph.D.
- About \$40 M funding





Key Research Areas

- Thermal-Hydraulics
- Fuel and Core
- Severe Accident and Accident Consequences
- Radiation and Environmental Protection
- Risk Analysis
- Human Reliability and Human Factors
- Fire Safety
- External Hazards
- Materials Performance
- Structural Performance
- Digital Instrumentation & Control and Electrical
- Domestic and International Collaboration



http://www.nrc.gov/reading-rm/doccollections/nuregs/staff/sr1925/



What Is RAMP?/Need for RAMP

RAMP is a Computer Code Management Program for development, maintenance and distribution of radiation/dose assessment codes:

- Streamline updates/ recognized code issues
- Incorporating the latest accepted state of the art models
- Incorporate new models as the need arises in current codes: VARSKIN and eye dosimetry
- Fiscally responsible by leveraging group dynamics
- Leverage the US NRC expertise in member country activities; share international codes
- Consolidation efforts to gain in efficiencies (IMBA, RESRAD, TURBOFRMAC)



Dose Assessment Codes in RAMP

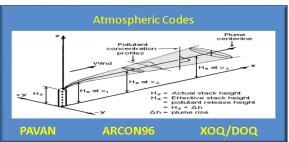
Environmental



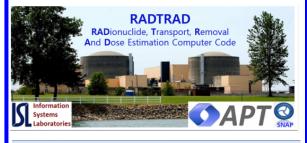


Radiological Dose from Uranium Milling





NPP Licensing









Emergency Response Code



Other Dose
Assessment Codes









Current RAMP International Agreements

We currently have 9 RAMP Agreements with these partners:

- South Africa
- Canada
- South Korea
- Taiwan
- UAE

- China
- Armenia
- Vietnam
- Spain
- Under negations: Ukraine, Ghana, Australia





Benefits to RAMP Partnerships

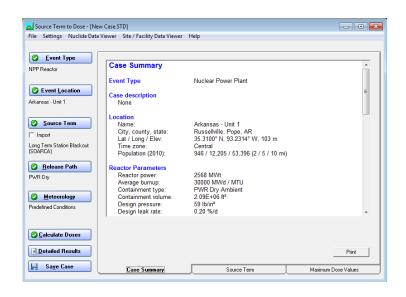
- For South Africa
 - RASCAL: Input Atmospheric Tower Information
 - ARCON96: Helping with confirmatory analysis
- For Canada
 - RASCAL: Candu Source Term interface
- For Taiwan
 - RASCAL: Inputting Reactor Source Term Information
 - GENII: Decommissioning Examples
- VARSKIN is now available in Spanish, (easy to add French)
- Larger user group: troubleshooting, forums, training
- United States
 - With times of less resources, greater governmental HP community and ability to collaborate on governmental family of codes

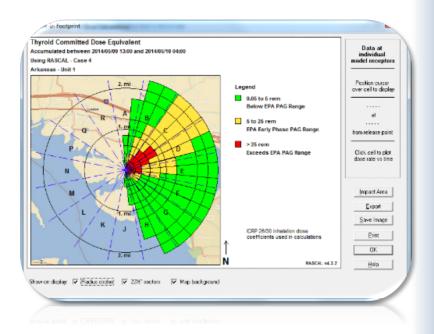


RASCAL (Radiological Assessment System for Consequence AnaLysis)

Purpose: Radiological incidents to assess off-site dose consequences

Uses: Response organizations for pre-release or plume phase of radiological release to atmosphere; to help inform or evaluate protective actions







VARSKIN

Purpose: calculate occupational dose to the skin resulting from exposure to radiation emitted from hot particles or other contamination on or near the skin over a contiguous 10 cm² of skin at a tissue depth of 0.007centimeters (7 mg/cm²).

Uses: NRC staff uses the code to perform confirmatory calculations of licensees' skin dose estimates from both electron and photon emissions as required by 10 CFR 20.1201(c).

IP ventings	•	· ,	- 0 X
Varskin 6.0			
<u>F</u> ile <u>H</u> elp			
CSource Geometry————————————————————————————————————	Radionuclide Library [Zeff]	Point Source Irradiation Geo	metry
⊙ Point ● Sphere	At-207 [7.42] 38 Activity Units	Skin Thickness or Skin	
Disk Slab	μCi •	Density Thickness:	7 mg/cm² ▼
	Select	Air Gap Thickness	0 mm -
Cylinder	Select		===
	Add	Cover Thickness	0 mm →
	Remove	Cover Density	0 g/cm ^s →
CSpecial Options	T.C.III.O.V.C.		Multiple Course Colombatos
Exclude Photon Dose			Multiple Cover Calculator
Exclude Electron Dose			
Perform Volume Averaging			
☐ Offset Particle Model	CSelected Radionuclides		
	At-207 [7.42] 38: 1.00E+00 μCi		
Skin Averaging Area			
10 cm² ▼		VARSKIN	Calculate Doses
Exposure Time		MINGNAY	Calculate Doses
l			
60 min ▼	Edit Remove Clear		

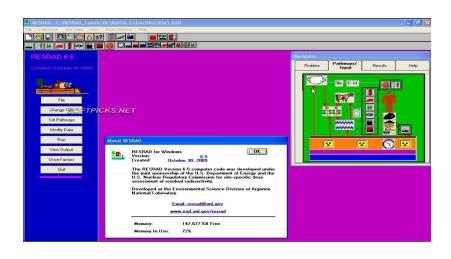


RESRAD (<u>RES</u>idual <u>RAD</u>ioactive Materials)

RESRAD in RAMP in 2018

Purpose: Family of codes used to analyze human and biota radiation exposures from environmental contamination of residual radioactive materials

Use: The codes are used worldwide by regulatory agencies, the risk assessment community, and universities in more than 100 countries





U.S. RAMP Meeting in Canada 2018 Monday: Opening Session



Lets Continue with Day 3: Dose to the Lens of the Eye