

GALE 3.0

Fall 2017 RAMP USERS GROUP MEETING – Washington D.C.

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U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Headquarters

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GALE Development Team

- NRC
 - Contracting Officer's Representative – John Tomon
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- PNNL (Software Developers)
 - Kenneth Geelhood
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Agenda

- GALE Overview
 - Purpose of Code
 - Code Requirements
 - GALE-3.0 Features
- Code Development
 - History of Code Development
 - Code Development Process
 - GALE-BWR Development Sequence
 - GALE-PWR Development Sequence
 - GALE Development Details
- GALE-3.0 (beta): Validation and Verification



Agenda (cont.)

- Basics of Reactor Cleanup
 - BWR Structures and Components
 - PWR Structures and Components
- Getting Started with GALE 3.0
 - Installation
 - Use
 - GALE 3.0 Example Code Demonstration
- GALE Modeling Parameters
 - GALE 86 to GALE 09 Detail
 - Fixed Parameters files
- 15 Minute Break



Agenda (cont.)

- Participants Setup and Run GALE
- GALE User's Group
 - Training
 - Member Presentations
 - Technical Support
- New GALE Website
 - Download GALE
 - Documentation
 - Training and Presentation Materials
 - Support
- Updates to ANS-18.1
- Q&A and Wrap Up



GALE-3.0

- GALE 3.0 currently posted as a Beta version
 - Validation and verification is complete
 - NUREG 0016 (Draft October 11) Revision 2 Appendix A
 - NUREG 0017 (Draft October 11) Revision 2 Appendix A
 - PNNL-26984, Revision 0, October 2017
 - PNNL and NRC staff are resolving comments on documentation
- Work performed by PNNL for US NRC



Purpose of Code

- GALE Code is a computerized mathematical model for calculating the releases of radioactive material in gaseous and liquid effluents (i.e., the gaseous and liquid source terms).
- The U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission uses the GALE Code to determine conformance with the requirements of Appendix I to 10 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 50.
- With the nuclear power generating facilities that have been proposed for operation in the United States using new reactor core designs, a comprehensive review of the GALE code was completed to verify applicability to both the current and proposed designs.
 - Upon review, it was determined that the code was applicable to both current and future designs
 - Updates to the code to comply with recent standards and operational data were required. Hard-coded parameters were updated to reflect recent plant operations data



Code Requirements

- Code runs on Microsoft Windows PCs
 - Graphical user interface uses standard Windows dialog boxes



Code Requirements (cont.)

- Code output is via text file
- Microsoft Excel worksheet has been included to visualize output and to facilitate use of output data in other calculations

BWRGALE.out - Notepad

File Edit Format View Help

***** GALE VERSION: 1986 *****

***** AND-18.1 VERSION: 1984 *****

*** modification to fixed Parameters Requested. Changes listed below ***

recommended value: 0.8000 Requested value: 0.8700

plant capacity factor

BWR Sample

STREAM	FLOW RATE (GAL/DAY)	FRACTION OF PCA	FRACTION DISCHARGED	COLLECTION TIME (DAYS)	DECAY TIME (DAYS)	DECONTAMINATION FACTORS	OTHERS
HIGH PURITY WASTE	2.86400E+04	1.30000E-01	1.00000E-02	1.00000E+00	7.00000E-02	1.00000E+03	1.00000E+02
LOW PURITY WASTE	5.70000E+03	1.30000E-01	1.00000E+00	3.10000E+00	6.00000E-01	1.00000E+03	1.00000E+04
CHEMICAL WASTE	6.00000E+02	2.00000E-02	1.00000E+00	3.10000E+00	6.00000E-01	1.00000E+03	1.00000E+04
REGENERANT SOLS	1.70000E+03	1.00000E+00	9.40000E+00	4.40000E-01	1.00000E+04	1.00000E+03	1.00000E+05

LIQUID WASTE INPUTS

GLAND SEAL STEAM FLOW (THOUSAND LBS/HR)

GLAND SEAL HOLDUP TIME (HOURS)

AIR EJECTOR OFFGAS HOLDUP TIME (HOURS)

CONTAINMENT BLDG. IODINE RELEASE FRACTION

TURBINE BLDG. PARTICULATE RELEASE FRACTION

200ZINE RELEASE FRACTION

GLAND SEAL VENT. IODINE PF

AIR EJECTOR OFFGAS IODINE PF

AUXILIARY BLDG. IODINE RELEASE FRACTION

RAOWASTE BLDG. IODINE RELEASE FRACTION

THERE IS A CHARCOAL DELAY SYSTEM

KRYPTON HOLDUP TIME (DAYS)

XENON HOLDUP TIME (DAYS)

KRYPTON DYNAMIC ADSORPTION COEFFICIENT (CH3/GH)

XENON DYNAMIC ADSORPTION COEFFICIENT (CH3/GH)

MASS OF CHARCOAL (THOUSAND LBS)

BWR Sample

NUCLIDE	COOLANT CONC. (MICROCURI/G)	CONTAINMENT BLDG.	TURBINE BLDG.	AUXILIARY BLDG.	RAOWASTE BLDG.	GLAND SEAL	AIR EJECTOR	MECH VAC PUMP	TOTAL
I-131	1.06139E-03	4.64851E-04	7.00381E-02	1.31385E-02	6.27549E-03	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	4.53189E-02	1.35232E-01
I-133	7.49816E-03	3.28391E-03	4.34766E-03	9.28018E-02	4.41522E-02	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	2.99669E-01	9.34834E-01

H-3 RELEASED FROM TURBINE BLDG. VENTILATION SYSTEM

H-3 RELEASED FROM CONTAINMENT BLDG. VENTILATION SYSTEM

TOTAL H-3 RELEASED VIA GASEOUS PATHWAY

C-14 RELEASED VIA MAIN CONDENSER OFFGAS SYSTEM =

BWR Sample

NUCLIDE	COOLANT CONC. (MICROCURI/G)	CONTAINMENT BLDG.	TURBINE BLDG.	AUXILIARY BLDG.	RAOWASTE BLDG.	GLAND SEAL	AIR EJECTOR	MECH VAC PUMP	TOTAL
H-3	2.60000E+01	2.60000E+01	2.60000E+01	2.60000E+01	2.60000E+01	2.60000E+01	2.60000E+01	2.60000E+01	2.60000E+01

BWRGALE Output 3.0.xls [Compatibility Mode] - Excel

FILE HOME INSERT PAGE LAYOUT FORMULAS DATA REVIEW VIEW ADD-INS ACROBAT TEAM

Calibri 11

Normal 2

Normal

Bad

Good

Insert

Y35

GALE 3.0

BWR Output

Gasous Effluent Output

Read GE Data

Liquid Effluent Output

Read LE Data

Copyright

BWRGALE3.0

Read Outout

Nobel Gas

Iodine (aas)

Particulates (aas)

Tritium and Others (aas)

Liquid

GALE-3.0 Features

- Specific Features
 - Ability to save input information and read previously set up input
 - Ability to read legacy input files from GALE
 - Built-in calculators to combine liquid waste from various sources
 - Built-in calculators to calculate liquid waste collection, processing, and discharge times
- Microsoft Excel worksheet has been included to:
 - Visualize output of gaseous isotopes by building and select components
 - Facilitate use of output data in other calculations
 - Liquid effluents read into Liquid tab



History of Code Development

- Code originally developed by NRC staff
 - GALE-86
 - Documented by NUREG-0016 (BWR) and NUREG-0017 (PWR)
- Code Development moved to PNNL in 2008
- Several internal versions were released with no NUREG-series documentation
 - GALE-08
 - Built in nuclide concentrations from ANS-18.1 were updated to those in latest (1999) standard
 - Recommended parameters from ANS-55.6 and Regulatory Guide 1.140 were updated to values from current versions
 - GALE-09
 - A review of recent reactor operational experience was performed and recommendations for updates to the GALE source codes and their user guidance were made.



History of Code Development (cont.)

- GALE-2.0 (beta version with draft NUREG series documentation)
 - Code results are identical to GALE-09
 - Graphical user interface was added to facilitate user interaction
 - Excel worksheet was included to help visualize results
 - Code benchmarking was performed to validate GALE-2.0 (beta) results to recent reactor experience
- GALE-3.0 (beta version)
 - NUREG-0016 Revision 2 and NUREG-0017 Revision 2 currently under review
 - PNNL GALE Code Verification document available, PNNL-26984
 - Technical change to add PWRGE I-132, I-134, and I-135 consistent with I-131 and I-133.
 - General modification requests completed to GUI, code, and excel files.
 - Verification of GALE 3.0 source changes to GALE 86 source of NUREG-0016 Revision 1 and NUREG-0017 Revision 1.

Code Development Process

- Series of Sequential versions of GALE-BWR and GALE-PWR were prepared in the update efforts to:
 - Provide means for NRC to evaluate the implications of each of the updates
 - Provide high level of traceability back to the previous version of the code.
- GALE 3.0 is being released to update GALE 86
 - GALE-BWR 3.0 as an update to GALE-BWR 86 NUREG-0016 Revision 1
 - Boiling Water Reactor Gaseous Effluent module BWRGE-86
 - Boiling Water Reactor Liquid Effluent module BWRLE-86
 - GALE-PWR 3.0 as an update to GALE-PWR 86 NUREG-0017 Revision 1
 - Pressurized Water Reactor Gaseous Effluent module PWRGE-86
 - Pressurized Water Reactor Liquid Effluent module PWRLE-86



GALE-BWR Development Sequence

Version Name	Model Names	ANSI/ANS-18.1 Version	Update Type
GALE-BWR 86 (GALE86)	BWRLE86 BWRGE86	1984	Starting Version for conducting updates (NUREG-0016, Revision 1)
GALE-BWR 08 (GALE08)	BWRLE86 BWRGE86	1999	Hard-coded parameters updated to conform to ANSI/ANS-18.1-1999 and ANSI/ANS- 55.6.1993 (reaffirmed May 2007)
GALE-BWR 09 (GALE86)	BWRLE09 BWRGE09	1999	GALE-BWR 08 with hard-coded parameters updated based on recent plant operation (PNNL-18150 and PNNL-18957)
GALE-BWR 2.0 (GALE 2.0)	BWRLE09 BWRGE09	1999	GALE-BWR 09 updated with a graphical user interface (GUI) to facilitate easier input and operation and incorporation into the NRC's Radiation Protection Computer Code Analysis and Maintenance Program (RAMP).
GALE-BWR 3.0 (GALE 3.0)	BWRLE86 BWRGE86 BWRLE09 BWRGE09	1984 1999 2016	GALE-BWR 3.0 code is updated with additional GUI options for the user to select the source term (ANSI/ANS-18.1 version), GALE version (GALE86 or GALE09) and to allow the user to modify selected GALE fixed modeling parameters.



GALE-BWR 08 Development Detail

Change #	GALE-BWR 08 Changes in Detail
1	The concentrations of radionuclides in the reactor coolant from ANSI/ANS-18.1-1999 Table 5 were changed for the following radionuclides: Na-24, P-32, Cr-51, Mn-54, Mn-56, Fe-55, Fe-59, Co-58, Co-60, Ni-63, Cu-64, Zn-65.
2	The concentrations of radionuclides in the reactor steam from ANSI/ANS-18.1-1999 Table 5 were changed for the following radionuclides: I-131, I-132, I-133, I-134, I-135, Na-24, P-32, Cr-51, Mn-54, Mn-56, Fe-55, Fe-59, Co-58, Co-60, Ni-63, Cu-64 and Zn-65.
3	The values for NS and R_n from ANSI/ANS-18.1-1999 Table 8 have changed for Class 2 radionuclides.
4	The adjustment factor of 1.0E+01 was added from ANSI/ANS-18.1-1999 Table 10 for Zn-65.
5	The values used for Class 1 and Class 2 radionuclides in GALE-BWR 86 were not consistent with the values found in ANSI/ANS-18.1-1984 Table 5. The values for the Class 1 and Class 2 radionuclides were updated to be consistent with ANSI/ANS-18.1-1999 Table 5.
6	The values used for the variable R_n in GALE-BWR 86 for Class 2 and Class 6 radionuclides were updated to be consistent with ANSI/ANS-18.1-1999 Table 8.

GALE-BWR 09 Development Detail

Change #	GALE-BWR 09 Changes in Detail
1	Plant capacity factor was increased from 8.0E-01 to 9.0E-01 (80 to 90 percent).
2	Radioiodine release rates from various buildings during normal operations were increased by multiplying by 1.125E+00.
3	Radioiodine release rates from various buildings during extended shutdown were decreased by multiplying by 5.0E-01.
4	Carbon-14 release rate was decreased from 9.5E+00 Ci/yr to 1.07E+01 Ci/yr.
5	Unexpected release rate was decreased from 1.0E-01 Ci/yr to 1.4E-02 Ci/yr.

GALE-BWR 2.0 Development Detail

Change #	GALE-BWR 2.0 Changes in Detail
1	Primary purpose the addition of a Graphical User Interface. Updates to GALE-BWR 2.0 source code did not involve changes in the model formulations. The source code had exactly the same formulation as the previous versions with differences in the outputs reflecting only the standards and operation-derived changes in hard-coded parameter values.
2	For operation in an interactive modeling environment, input/output routines were added for implantation of GALE-BWR 2.0 into future codes. These updates also enable direct linkage of the GALE-BWR 2.0 code results to models such as NRCDOSE.
3	PNNL Developed a GALE software quality assurance plan (PNNL-24249).
4	PNNL developed a GALE code configuration management plan (PNNL-24250).
5	Determination made that GALE conforms to the Level 2 requirements of NUREG/BR-0167, Software Quality Assurance Program and Guidelines.

GALE-BWR 3.0 Development Detail

Change #	GALE-BWR 3.0 Changes in Detail
1	Increased functionality to allow user to select GALE version 86 or 09 and the ANSI/ANS-18.1 version 1984, 1999, 2016.
2	Increased functionality to allow user to modify GALE-BWR fixed modeling parameters used to calculate the gaseous and liquid effluent.
3	Default GALE-BWR module set to GALE-86 (User selectable 86 or 09)
4	Default GALE-BWR ANSI/ANS-18.1 to 1984 (User selectable 1984, 1999 or 2016).

GALE-PWR Development Sequence

Version Name	Model Names	ANSI/ANS-18.1 Version	Update Type
GALE-PWR 86 (GALE86)	PWRLE86 PWRGE86	1984	Starting Version for conducting updates (NUREG-0017, Revision 1)
GALE-PWR 08 (GALE08)	PWRLE86 PWRGE86	1999	Hard-coded parameters updated to conform to ANSI/ANS-18.1-1999 and ANSI/ANS- 55.6.1993 (reaffirmed May 2007)
GALE-PWR 09 (GALE86)	PWRLE09 PWRGE09	1999	GALE-PWR 08 with hard-coded parameters updated based on recent plant operation (PNNL-18150 and PNNL-18957)
GALE-PWR 2.0 (GALE 2.0)	PWRLE09 PWRGE09	1999	GALE-PWR 09 updated with a graphical user interface (GUI) to facilitate easier input and operation and incorporation into the NRC's Radiation Protection Computer Code Analysis and Maintenance Program (RAMP).
GALE-PWR 3.0 (GALE 3.0)	PWRLE86 PWRGE86 PWRLE09 PWRGE09	1984 1999 2016	GALE-PWR 3.0 code is updated with additional GUI options for the user to select the source term (ANSI/ANS-18.1 version), GALE version (GALE86 or GALE09) and to allow the user to modify selected GALE fixed modeling parameters.



GALE-PWR 08 Development Detail

Change #	GALE-PWR 08 Changes in Detail
1	The concentrations of radionuclides in the reactor coolant from ANSI/ANS-18.1-1999 Tables 6 and 7 were changed for the following radionuclides: Kr-85m, Kr-87, Kr-88, Xe-133, Xe-135, Xe-138, I-131, I-132, I-133, I-134, I-135, Cs-134, and Cs-137.
2	The concentrations of radionuclides in the secondary coolant water from ANSI/ANS-18.1-1999 Table 6 were changed for the following radionuclides: I-131, I-132, I-133, I-134, I-135, Cs-134, Cs-137, and Y-93.
3	The concentrations of radionuclides in the secondary coolant steam from ANSI/ANS-18.1-1999 Table 6 were changed for the following radionuclides: Kr-85m, Kr-87, Kr-88, Xe-133, Xe-135, Xe-138, I-131, I-132, I-133, I-134, I-135, Cs-134, Cs-137, and Sr-90.
4	The concentrations of radionuclides in the secondary coolant steam from ANSI/ANS-18.1-1999 Table 6 were changed for the following radionuclides: Kr-87m, Kr-88, Xe-133, Xe-138, I-131, I-132, I-133, I-134, I-135, Cs-134, and Cs-137
5	Adjustment factors of 1.0E+01 were added from ANSI/ANS-18.1-1999 Table 11 for PWRs with U-tube steam generators for the following radionuclides: Zn-65 and Co-58.

GALE-PWR 09 Development Detail

Change #	GALE-PWR 09 Changes in Detail
1	Plant capacity factor was increased from 8.0E-01 to 9.0E-01 (80 to 90 percent).
2	Tritium release rate was decreased from 4.0E-01 Ci/yr/MWt to 2.7E-01 Ci/yr/MWt
3	Argon-41 release rate was decreased from 3.4E+01 Ci/yr to 6.0E+00 Ci/yr
4	Carbon-14 release rate was decreased from 7.3E+00 Ci/yr to 5.9E+00 Ci/yr.
5	Unexpected release rate was decreased from 1.6E-01 Ci/yr to 1.6E-04 Ci/yr.
6	Condensate demineralizer DF for "Other Radionuclides" was changed from 5.0E+01 to 1.0E+01

GALE-PWR 2.0 Development Detail

Change #	GALE-PWR 2.0 Changes in Detail
1	Primary purpose the addition of a Graphical User Interface. Updates to GALE-PWR 2.0 source code did not involve changes in the model formulations. The source code had exactly the same formulation as the previous versions with differences in the outputs reflecting only the standards and operation-derived changes in hard-coded parameter values.
2	For operation in an interactive modeling environment, input/output routines were added for implantation of GALE-PWR 2.0 into future codes. These updates also enable direct linkage of the GALE-PWR 2.0 code results to models such as NRC Dose.
3	PNNL Developed a GALE software quality assurance plan (PNNL-24249).
4	PNNL developed a GALE code configuration management plan (PNNL-24250).
5	Determination made that GALE conforms to the Level 2 requirements of NUREG/BR-0167, Software Quality Assurance Program and Guidelines.

GALE-PWR 3.0 Development Detail

Change #	GALE-PWR 3.0 Changes in Detail
1	Technical change to add iodine isotopes I-132, I-134, and I-135 to the PWRGE code assuming the primary and secondary coolant activities given in the appropriate ANSI-18.1 tables. The decay constants for these isotopes were taken from the Isotope Generation and Depletion Code (ORIGEN) database in the PWRLE code. The release relative to the primary coolant activities from various buildings was assumed to be the same for all iodine isotopes consistent with the previous treatment of I-131 and I-133.
2	Increased functionality to allow user to select GALE version 86 or 09 and the ANSI/ANS-18.1 version 1984, 1999, 2016.
3	Increased functionality to allow user to modify GALE-PWR fixed modeling parameters used to calculate the gaseous and liquid effluent.
4	Default GALE-PWR module set to GALE-86 (User selectable 86 or 09)
5	Default GALE-PWR ANSI/ANS-18.1 to 1984 (User selectable 1984, 1999 or 2016).

GALE-3.0 Validation

- No overall code validation was performed on GALE86 (NUREG-0017 Rev. 1 and NUREG-0016 Rev. 1). The only validation that was performed was on the individual models and parameters that are used within GALE.
- For GALE-3.0, two types of validation have been performed.
 - Individual model parameters.
 - This validation is shown in NUREG-0016, Revision 2, Appendix A for GALE-BWR 3.0 and in NUREG-0017, Revision 2, Appendix A for GALE-PWR 3.0.
 - In these appendices, discussions are provided for the basis of each parameter selection. In many cases, recent data is shown to support the parameter selection.
 - Overall code prediction.
 - This validation is shown in NUREG-0016, Revision 2, Section 4.0 for GALE-BWR 3.0 and in NUREG-0017, Revision 2, Section 4.0 for GALE-PWR 3.0.
 - In these sections, the GALE-3.0 predictions of selected radionuclides in the gaseous and liquid effluents were compared to the measured effluents from selected nuclear power plant in recent years.

GALE-3.0 Validation (cont.)

- The result of the validation that is shown in these technical basis documents is a measure of the applicability of the parameters in GALE-3.0 (beta) to current reactor operation as well as the applicability of the overall GALE-3.0 (beta) predictions to effluent release from operating reactors.

GALE-3.0 Verification

- Verification of GALE-3.0 was performed to ensure:
 - All updates since GALE-86 have been properly coded and result in expected changes to the output
 - The Graphical User Interface correctly takes values from the Windows interface to the appropriate GALE subroutines
- Verification was documented (PNNL-26984) and sent to NRC Office of Research



Basics of Reactor Cleanup Systems

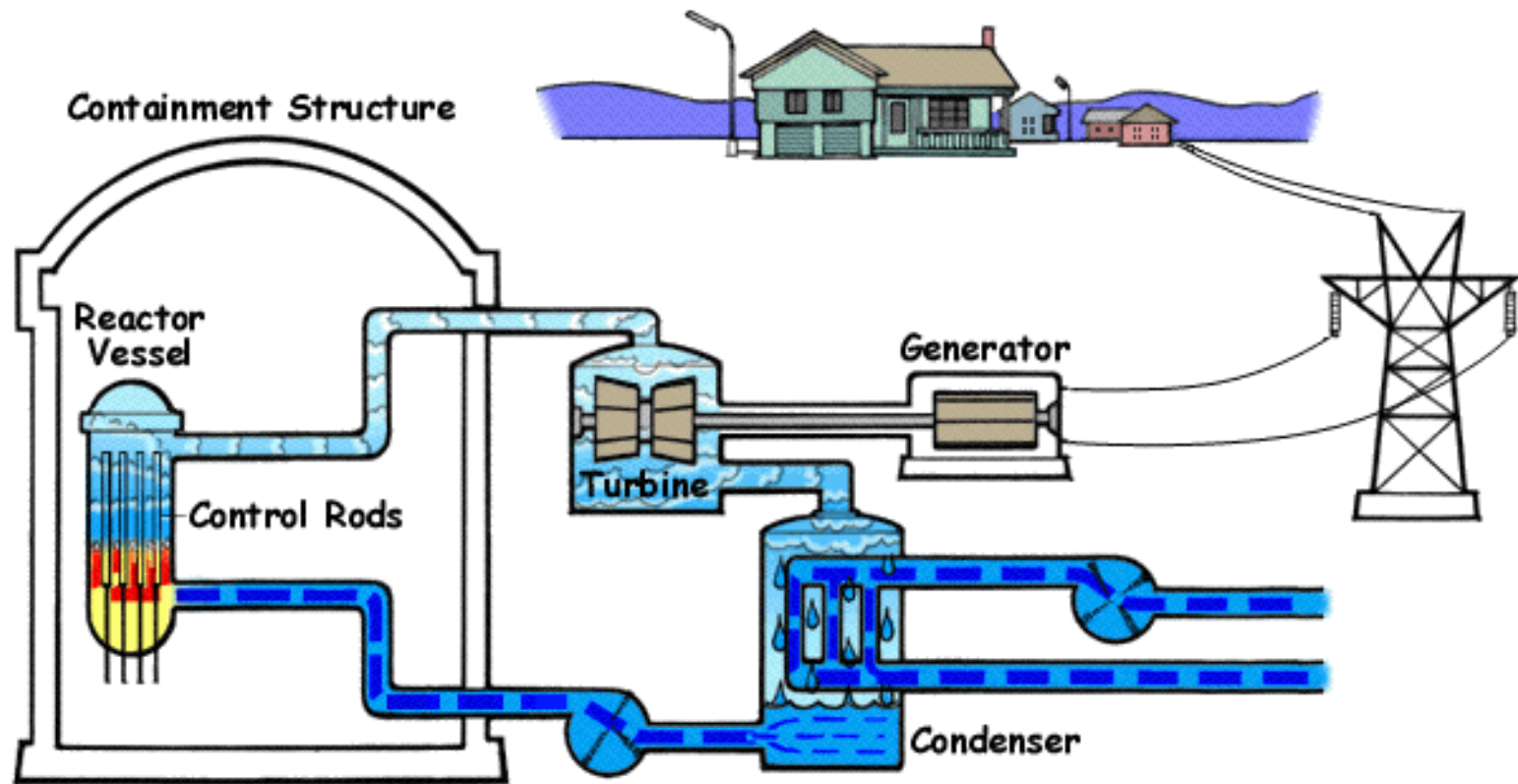


Introduction

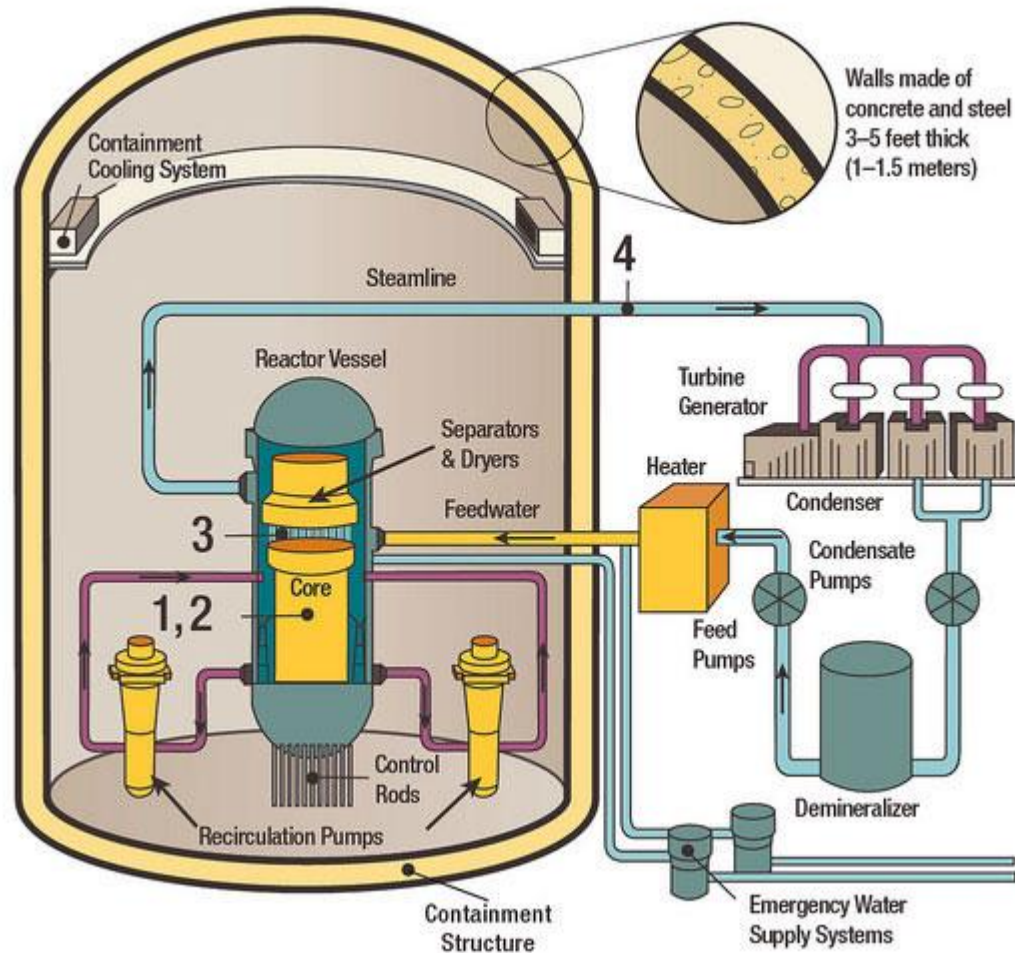
- BWR
- PWR



Boiling Water Reactor



Boiling Water Reactor



Boiling Water Reactor: Liquid Waste Streams

- High Purity Waste
 - Liquid of low electrical conductivity
 - Equipment drains from
 - Drywell
 - Reactor building
 - Turbine building
 - Radwaste building
 - Auxiliary building
 - Fuel pool building
 - Ultrasonic resin cleaner overheads
 - Resin backwash
 - Transfer water
 - Filter backwash
 - Phase separator decant liquid
 - Radwaste evaporator condensate



Boiling Water Reactor: Liquid Waste Streams (cont.)

- Low Purity Waste
 - Liquid of moderate to high electrical conductivity
 - Floor drains from
 - Drywell
 - Reactor building
 - Turbine building
 - Radwaste building
 - Fuel pool building
 - Uncollected valve and pump seal leakoffs
 - Water resulting from dewatering of slurry wastes



Boiling Water Reactor: Liquid Waste Streams (cont.)

- Chemical Waste
 - Liquid of high conductivity and high total solids content
 - Laboratory drains
 - Non-detergent chemical decontamination wastes
- Regenerant Solutions Waste
 - Regenerant solution from ion exchange columns (condensate polishers)

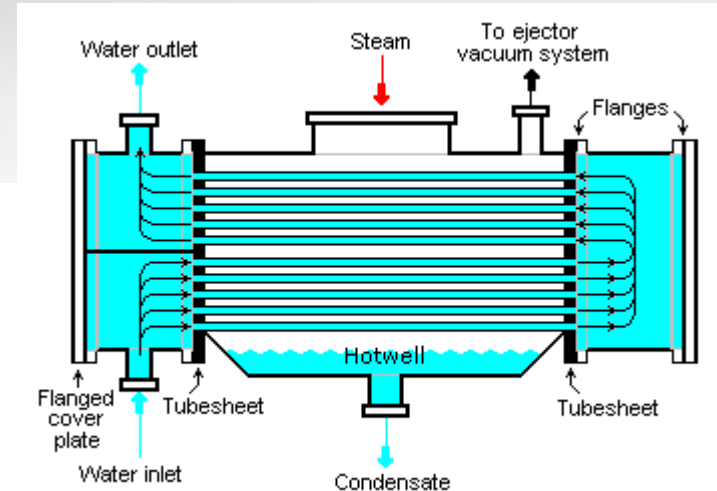
Boiling Water Reactor: Buildings

- Containment Building or Reactor Building
 - A building designed to sustain pressures of about 50 psi. Normally houses the reactor and the related cooling system that contains highly radioactive fluids. Building is of steel construction. Sometimes the building is surrounded by a concrete structure that is designed for much lower pressures (3 psi). The area between the steel and concrete building is called the annulus. In BWRs, the drywell is located in this building.
- Auxiliary Building
 - A building separate from the containment that houses much of the support equipment that may contain radioactive liquids and gases. Emergency equipment is also normally located in this building.
- Radwaste Building
 - A building that houses various systems provided to process liquid, solid and gaseous radioactive wastes generated by the plant.
- Turbine Building
 - A building that houses the turbine, generator, condenser, condensate and feedwater systems.

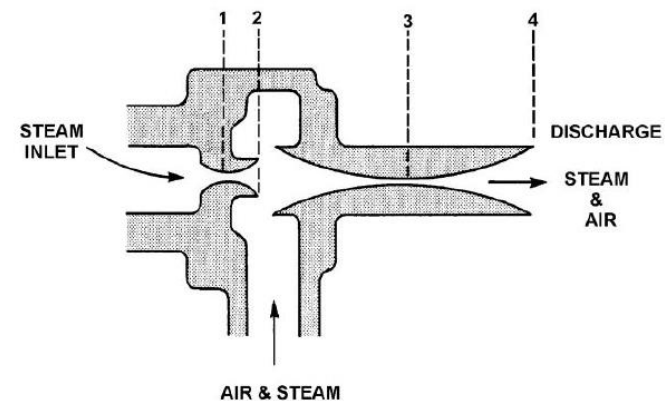
Boiling Water Reactor: Turbine Systems

Two special auxiliary systems that are potential sources of effluents are:

- Air Ejector
 - Passes steam through a series of nozzles and creates a vacuum that removes air from the condenser
- Turbine Gland Seal System
 - Gland seal steam is used to seal the main turbine by passing high pressure steam over a series of ridges and evacuating the steam when it reaches a low pressure.

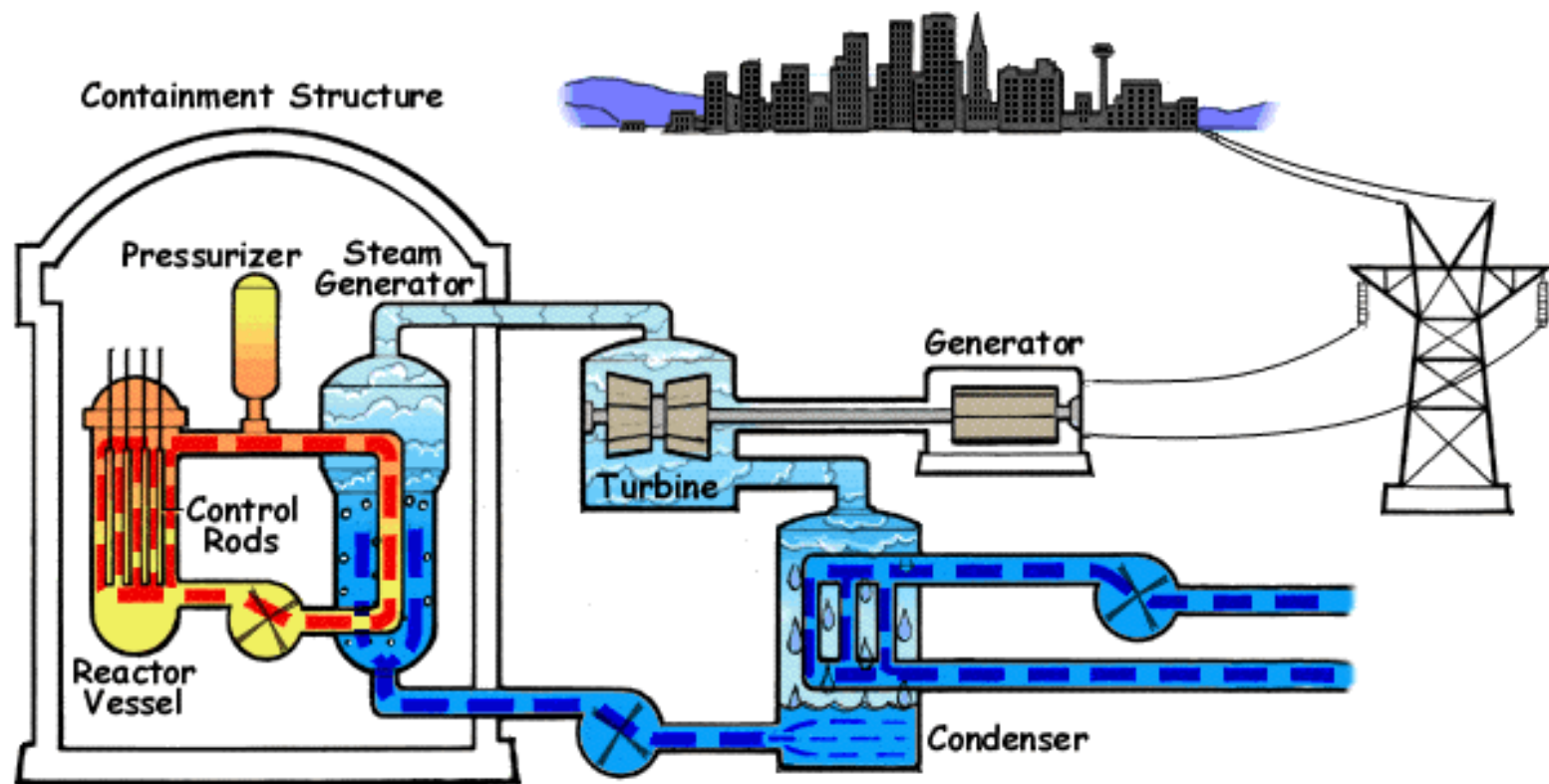


Condenser

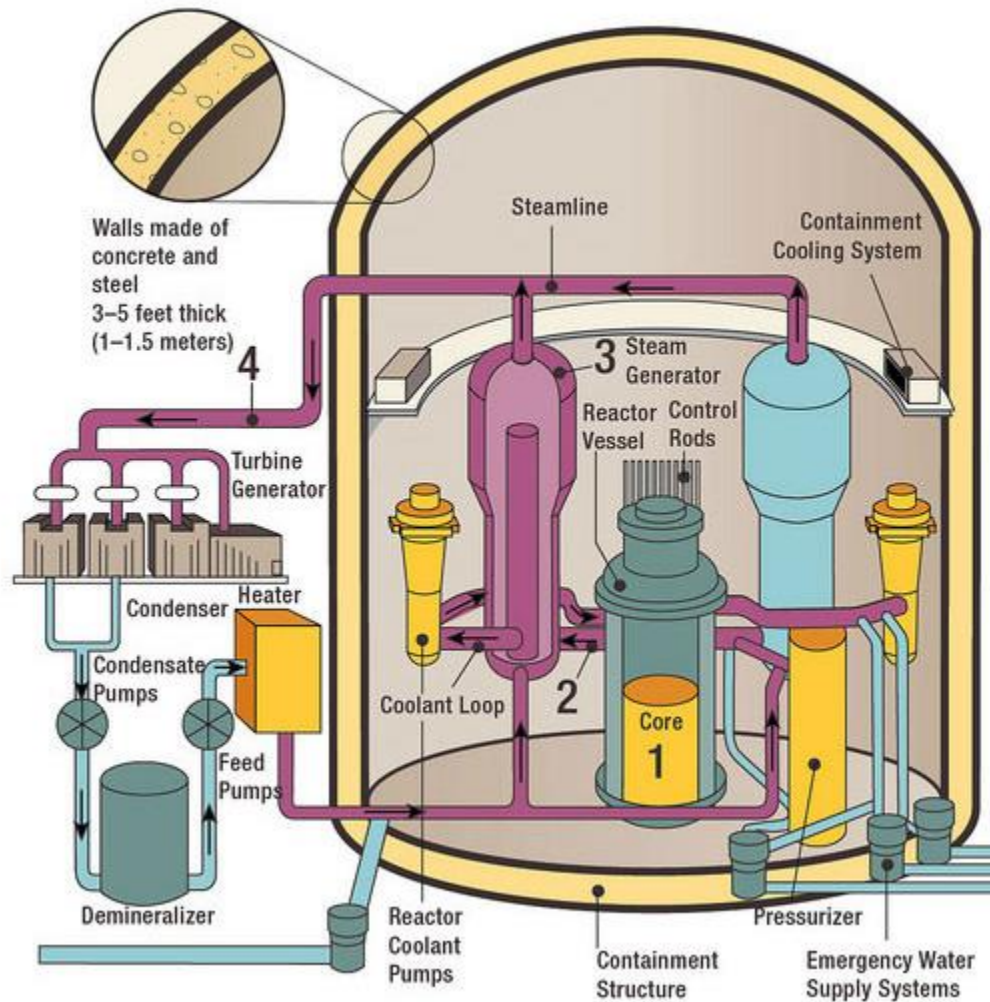


STEAM-JET AIR EJECTOR

Pressurized Water Reactor

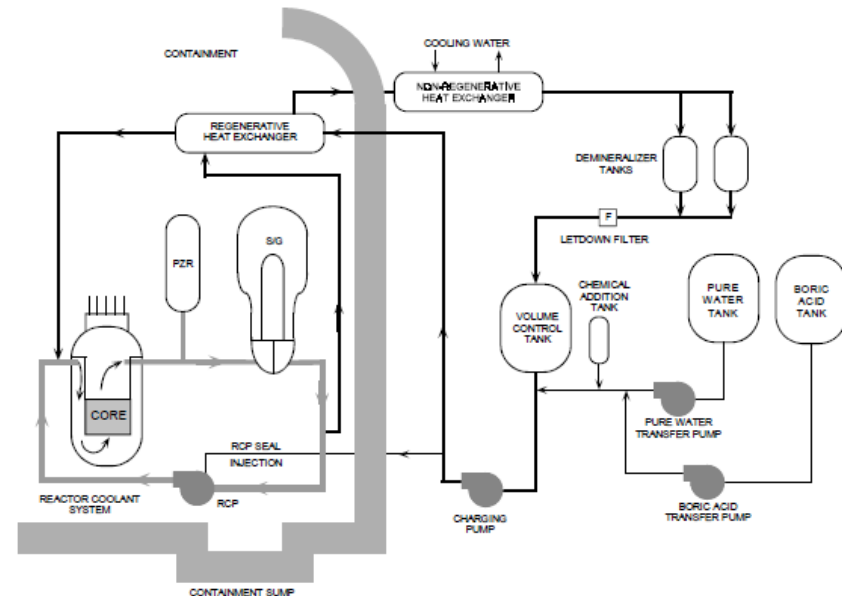


Pressurized Water Reactor

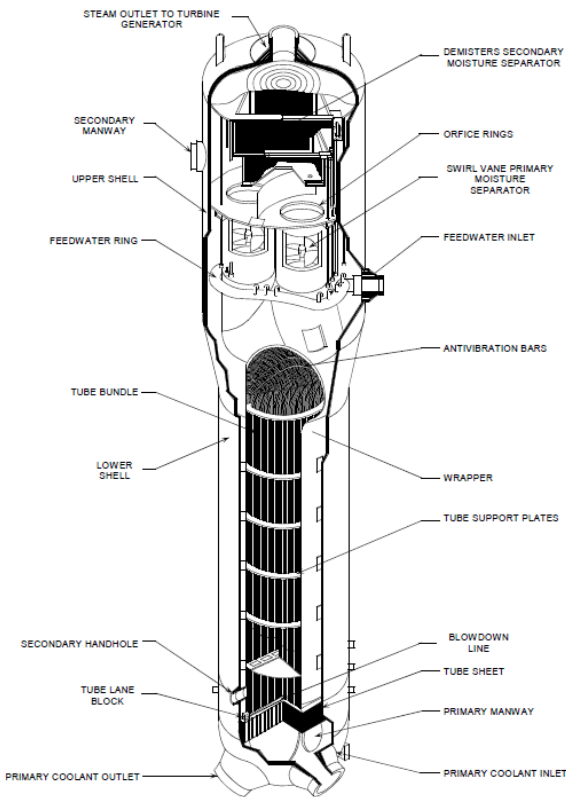


Pressurized Water Reactor: Letdown

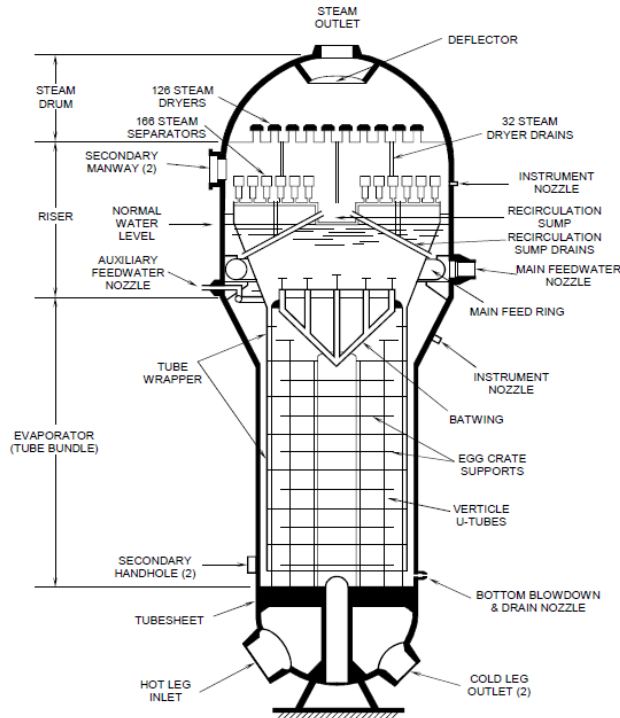
- The chemical and volume control system (CVCS) is a major support system for the reactor coolant system. Some of the functions of the system are to:
 - Purify the reactor coolant system using filters and demineralizers
 - Add and remove boron as necessary
 - Maintain the level of the pressurizer at desired setpoint.
- A small amount of water (about 75 gpm) is continuously routed through the chemical and volume control system (called letdown). This provides a continuous cleanup of the reactor coolant system which maintains the purity of the coolant and helps to minimize the amount of radioactive material in the coolant.



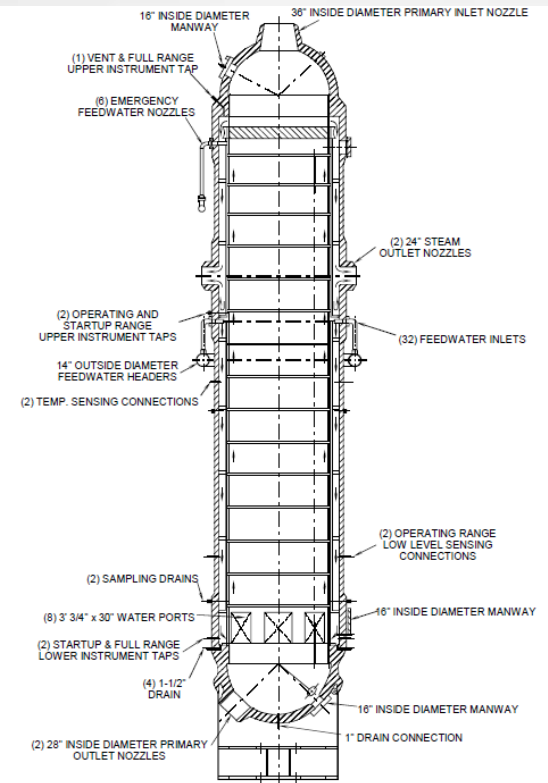
Pressurized Water Reactor: Steam Generator



Cutaway View of A Westinghouse Steam Generator



Cutaway View of a Combustion Engineering Steam Generator



Cutaway View of a Babcock & Wilcox Once Through Steam Generator

Pressurized Water Reactor: Steam Generator – U-Tube

- In the Westinghouse and Combustion Engineering designs, the steam/water mixture passes through multiple stages of moisture separation. One stage causes the mixture to spin, which slings the water to the outside. The water is then drained back to be used to make more steam. The drier steam is routed to the second stage of separation. In this stage, the mixture is forced to make rapid changes in direction. Because of the steam's ability to change direction and the water's inability to change, the steam exits the steam generator, and the water is drained back for reuse. The two stage process of moisture removal is so efficient at removing the water that for every 100 pounds of steam that exits the steam generator, the water content is less than 0.25 pounds. It is important to maintain the moisture content of the steam as low as possible to prevent damage to the turbine blading.

Pressurized Water Reactor: Steam Generator – Blowdown

- **Steam Generator blowdown** is water intentionally discharged from the steam generator to avoid concentration of impurities during continuing evaporation of steam.

Pressurized Water Reactor: Steam Generator – Once Through

- The Babcock & Wilcox design uses a once through steam generator. In this design, the flow of primary coolant is from the top of the steam generator to the bottom, instead of through U-shaped tubes as in the Westinghouse and Combustion Engineering designs. Because of the heat transfer achieved by this design, the steam that exits the once through steam generator contains no moisture. This is done by heating the steam above the boiling point, or superheating.

Pressurized Water Reactor: Liquid Waste Streams

- Shim Bleed – Controls reactivity by bleeding out borated water
- Equipment Drain Waste
 - Equipment drains from
 - Drywell
 - Reactor building
 - Turbine building
 - Radwaste building
 - Auxiliary building
 - Fuel pool building
- Clean Waste
 - Normally tritiated, nonaerated, low-conductivity liquids consisting primarily of liquid waste collected from equipment leaks and drains and certain valve and pump seal leakoffs. These liquids originate from systems containing primary coolant and are normally reused as primary coolant makeup



Pressurized Water Reactor: Liquid Waste Streams (cont.)

- Dirty Waste
 - Normally nontritiated, aerated, high-conductivity, nonprimary-coolant quality liquids collected from building sumps and floor and sample station drains. These liquids are not readily amenable for reuse as primary coolant makeup water.
- Blowdown Waste
- Regenerant Waste
 - Regenerant solution from ion exchange columns (condensate polishers)



Pressurized Water Reactor: Buildings

- Containment or Drywell Building
 - A building designed to sustain pressures of about 50 pounds per square inch. Normally houses the reactor and the related cooling system that contains highly radioactive fluids. Building is of steel construction. Sometimes the building is surrounded by a concrete structure that is designed for much lower pressures (3 pounds per square inch). The area between the steel and concrete building is called the annulus.
- Auxiliary or Reactor Support Building
 - A building separate from the containment that houses much of the support equipment that may contain radioactive liquids and gases. Emergency equipment is also normally located in this building.

Pressurized Water Reactor: Buildings (cont.)

- Turbine Building
 - A building that houses the turbine, generator, condenser, condensate and feedwater systems. Some PWRs in the United States have a structure without the traditional roof and wall structure.
- Fuel Handling Building
 - A building separate from the containment that is used to spent fuel assemblies in steel racks in a large 40 foot deep storage pool. Casks for shipping or onsite dry storage of spent fuel assemblies will be loaded (or unloaded in this pool). A new fuel storage area is provided for receipt of new assemblies and storage prior to going into the containment and subsequently into the reactor during a refueling.

Pressurized Water Reactor

- Gas stripping
 - Goes with letdown
- Blowdown tanks vent
 - Goes with steam generator
- Air ejector
 - Passes steam through a series of nozzles and creates a vacuum that removes air from the condenser



GALE 3.0 (beta) Getting Started



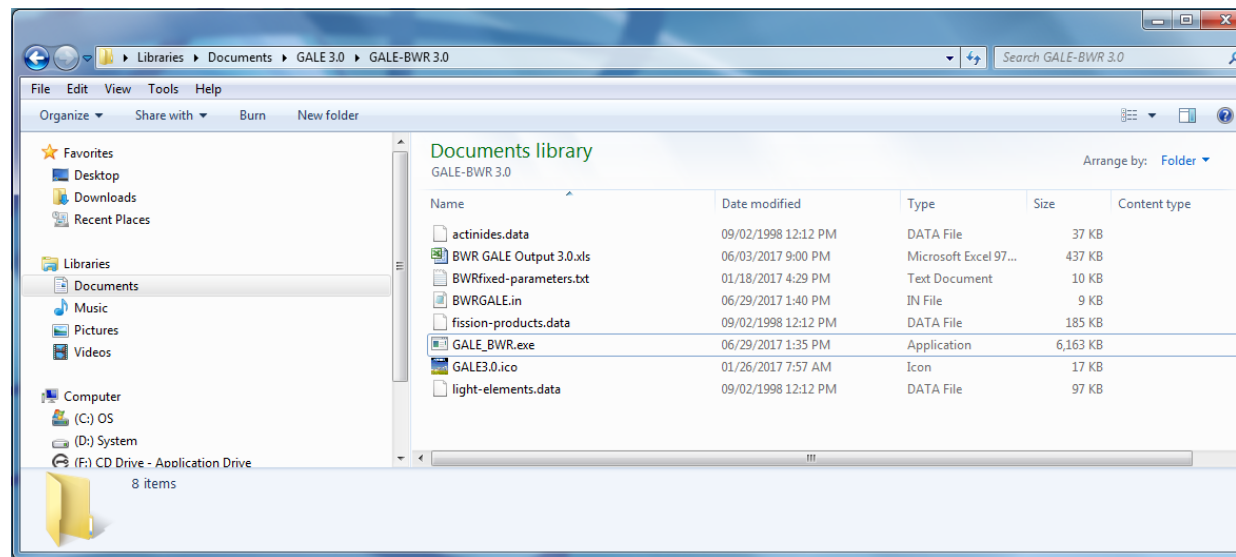
GALE 3.0 Code Package

- The GALE 3.0 Software Package Consists of:
 - **GALE_BWR.exe**: GALE 3.0 executable for boiling water reactors (BWRs)
 - **GALE_PWR.exe**: GALE 3.0 executable for pressurized water reactors (PWRs)
 - **actinides.data**: data file needed for liquid effluent runs
 - **fission-products.data**: data file needed for liquid effluent runs
 - **light-elements.data**: data file needed for liquid effluent runs
 - **BWRGALE.in**: sample input for gaseous and liquid effluents from BWRs
 - **PWRGALE.in**: sample input for gaseous and liquid effluents from PWRs
 - **BWR GALE Output 3.0.xls**: Excel file to read and display GALE output from BWRs
 - **PWR GALE Output 3.0.xls**: Excel file to read and display GALE output from PWRs



GALE-BWR 3.0 Installation

- Create a working directory and install the code package files
- The working directory should contain the 3 data files, and an existing input file if starting from a previous GALE 3.0 run. Otherwise the program will set up and save the input file. This working directory may also contain the spreadsheet for output visualization. The fixed-parameters file is optional.



GALE 3.0 Fixed Parameters File

- GALE-BWR 3.0 Fixed Parameters File

```

BWRfixed-parameters.txt - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help
! $user
! 3.1 Plant Capacity Factor (GE and LE)
! Value from Section 2.2.2 of NUREG-0016, Revision 1 (GALE86 Code)
PF_user=0.8 ! Plant Capacity Factor (fraction)

! 3.2 Radionuclide Concentrations in the Reactor Coolant and Main Steam (GE and LE)
! GE noble gas concentrations in reactor main steam (micro curies/g)
! Values from Table 5 of ANSI/ANS-18.1-1984 (GALE86 Code)
xb_user(1)=0.0000E+00 ! AR-41
xb_user(2)=5.9000E-04 ! KR-83M
xb_user(3)=1.0000E-03 ! KR-85M
xb_user(4)=4.0000E-06 ! KR-85
xb_user(5)=3.3000E-03 ! KR-87
xb_user(6)=3.3000E-03 ! KR-88
xb_user(7)=2.1000E-02 ! KR-89
xb_user(8)=3.3000E-06 ! XE-131M
xb_user(9)=4.9000E-05 ! XE-133M
xb_user(10)=1.4000E-03 ! XE-133
xb_user(11)=4.4000E-03 ! XE-135M
xb_user(12)=3.8000E-03 ! XE-135
xb_user(13)=2.6000E-02 ! XE-137
xb_user(14)=1.5000E-02 ! XE-138
! GE noble gas concentrations in reactor water (micro curies/g)
CBWR_user(1)=2.2000E-03 ! I-131
CBWR_user(2)=1.5000E-02 ! I-133
! LE Radionuclide concentrations in reactor water (micro curies/g)

! 3.10 Tritium Releases (GE and LE)
! Values from Section 2.2.15 of NUREG-0016, Revision 1 (GALE86 Code)
H3PCA_user=0.01 ! Tritium activity in primary coolant (microcuries/g)
H3rel_user=0.03 ! Total tritium release (Ci/yr/Mwth)
H3liq_user=0.5 ! Fraction of tritium released through liquid pathway (remainder released through gaseous pathway)
H3tbb_user=0.5 ! Fraction of gaseous tritium released from turbine bldg. (remainder released from containment building)

! 3.11 Argon-41 Releases (GE)
! Values from Section 2.2.23 of NUREG-0016, Revision 1 (GALE86 Code)
XXARnorm_user=6.4 ! Ar-41 dynamic adsorption coefficient for ambient temperature systems
XXARchill_user=16.0 ! Ar-41 dynamic adsorption coefficient for chilled temperature systems

! 3.12 Carbon-14 Releases (GE)
! Value from Section 2.2.22 of NUREG-0016, Revision 1 (GALE86 Code)
C14_user=9.5 ! Ci/yr

! 3.13 Source Term Adjustments for Anticipated Operational Occurrences (LE)
! Values from Section 2.2.20 of NUREG-0016, Revision 1 (GALE86 Code)
notfixed_user=0.1 ! adjustment is made to liquid radwaste source terms to account for A00 (Ci/yr)

Send
  
```

GALE-BWR 3.0 Use

- GALE-BWR 3.0 Introductory Screen

BWR GALE-3.0



September 2017

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Input File Name:

Type of Analysis: ☒ Gas ☒ Liquid

GALE Version:

Output Files:

Gas:

Liquid:

Legacy Input:

☐ Read Legacy Input

Gas Input:

Gas Output:

Liquid Input:

Liquid Output:

GALE-BWR 3.0 Use

- GALE-BWR 3.0 Introductory Screen Selecting GALE and ANS 18.1 Version

BWR GALE-3.0



Input File Name: BWRGALE.in

Type of Analysis: ☒ Gas ☒ Liquid

GALE Version: GALE86

ANS 18.1 Version: 1984

Output Files: Gas: GALE09, Liquid: BWRLE.out

Legacy Input: ☐ Read Legacy Input

Gas Input: BWRGE09.inp

Gas Output: BWRGE09.out

Liquid Input: BWRLE09.inp

Liquid Output: BWRLE09.out

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OK Cancel

BWR GALE-3.0



Input File Name: BWRGALE.in

Type of Analysis: ☒ Gas ☒ Liquid

GALE Version: GALE86

ANS 18.1 Version: 1984

Output Files: Gas: BWRGE09.out, Liquid: BWRLE09.out

Legacy Input: ☐ Read Legacy Input

Gas Input: BWRGE09.inp

Gas Output: BWRGE09.out

Liquid Input: BWRLE09.inp

Liquid Output: BWRLE09.out

September 2017

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OK Cancel

GALE-BWR 3.0 Use

- GALE-BWR 3.0 General Reactor Parameters Window

General Reactor Parameters

Name of Reactor	BWR Sample	
Thermal Power Level	3400	MW(th)
Total Steam Flow	15	million lb/hr
Mass of Water in Reactor Vessel	0.38	million lb
Cleanup Demineralizer Flow	0.13	million lbs/hr
Condensate demineralizer regeneration time	56	days
Copper Tubing for Condenser?	No	
Fraction of feedwater through condensate demineralizers	1.0	fraction

Read from File

Liquid Inputs **Gas Inputs** **Run** **Cancel**

GALE-BWR 3.0 Use

- GALE-BWR 3.0 High Purity Waste Window and Calculator

Liquid Radwaste Treatment System

High Purity Waste | Low Purity Waste | Chemical Waste | Regenerant Solutions Waste | Detergent Waste

Liquid Stream
Flow Rate: 28640 gal/day
Activity of Inlet Stream: 0.15 fraction of primary coolant activity

Combine from various sources

Decontamination Factors (DF)
Iodine DF: 1e3
Cs and Rb DF: 1e2
Other DF: 1e3

Waste Collection and Processing
Waste collection time prior to processing: 1 days
Waste processing and discharge times: 0.07 days
Average fraction of wastes to be discharged after processing: 0.01

Calculate

Save Cancel

High Purity Waste: low electrical conductivity

Equipment drains from:	Average Flow, gallons/day	Fraction of Primary Coolant Activity (PCA)
Drywell		
Reactor Building		
Turbine Building		
Radwaste Building		
Auxiliary Building		
Fuel Pool Building		
Other		
Ultrasonic resin cleaner overheads		
Resin backwash		
Transfer water		
Filter backwash		
Phase separator decant liquid		
Radwaste evaporator condensate		
Other		
Total		

Calculate Use Values Cancel

GALE-BWR 3.0 Use

- GALE-BWR 3.0 High Purity Waste Window and Calculator (cont.)

Liquid Radwaste Treatment System

High Purity Waste | Low Purity Waste | Chemical Waste | Regenerant Solutions Waste | Detergent Waste

Liquid Stream
Flow Rate: 200 gal/day
Activity of Inlet Stream: 0.15 fraction of primary coolant activity

Combine from various sources

Decontamination Factors (DF)
Iodine DF: 1e3
Cs and Rb DF: 1e2
Other DF: 1e3

Waste Collection and Processing
Waste collection time prior to processing: 1 days
Waste processing and discharge times: 0.07 days
Average fraction of wastes to be discharged after processing: 0.01

Calculate

Save Cancel

Waste collection time, and processing and discharge time calculation

Volume of collection tank: [] gallons
Rate into collection tank: [] gal/day
Are there redundant tanks? []
Limiting equipment flow capacity of cleanup process: [] gal/day
Volume of final tank following cleanup: [] gallons
Rate of addition waste into final tank: [] gal/day
Flow capacity of final tank discharge pump: [] gal/day

Waste collection time prior to processing: [] days
Waste processing and discharge time: [] days

Calculate
Use Values

Rate into collection tank

Collection Tank

Rate of additional waste into final tank

Limiting Process

Final Tank

Limiting equipment flow capacity
Flow capacity of final discharge pump

Cancel

GALE-BWR 3.0 Use

- GALE-BWR 3.0 Low Purity Waste Window and Calculator

Liquid Radwaste Treatment System

High Purity Waste | **Low Purity Waste** | Chemical Waste | Regenerant Solutions Waste | Detergent Waste

Liquid Stream
Flow Rate: 5700 gal/day
Activity of Inlet Stream: 0.13 fraction of primary coolant activity

Combine from various sources

Decontamination Factors (DF)
Iodine DF: 1e3
Cs and Rb DF: 1e4
Other DF: 1e4

Waste Collection and Processing
Waste collection time prior to processing: 3.1 days
Waste processing and discharge times: 0.6 days
Average fraction of wastes to be discharged after processing: 1.0

Calculate

Save Cancel

Low Purity Waste: moderate/high electrical conductivity

Floor drains from:	Average Flow, gallons/day	Fraction of Primary Coolant Activity (PCA)
Drywell		
Reactor Building		
Turbine Building		
Radwaste Building		
Fuel Pool Building		
Other		
Uncollected valve and pump seal leakoffs		
Water resulting from dewatering of slurry wastes		
Other		
Total		

Calculate Use Values Cancel

GALE-BWR 3.0 Use

- GALE-BWR 3.0 Chemical Waste Window and Calculator

Liquid Radwaste Treatment System

High Purity Waste | Low Purity Waste | **Chemical Waste** | Regenerant Solutions Waste | Detergent Waste

Liquid Stream
Flow Rate: 600 gal/day
Activity of Inlet Stream: 0.02 fraction of primary coolant activity

Combine from various sources

Decontamination Factors (DF)
Iodine DF: 1e3
Cs and Rb DF: 1e4
Other DF: 1e4

Waste Collection and Processing
Waste collection time prior to processing: 3.1 days
Waste processing and discharge times: 0.6 days
Average fraction of wastes to be discharged after processing: 1.0

Calculate

Save Cancel

Chemical Waste: high conductivity & solids content

Equipment drains from:	Average Flow, gallons/day	Fraction of Primary Coolant Activity (PCA)
Laboratory drains		
Non-detergent chemical decontamination wastes		
Other		
Total		

Calculate Use Values Cancel

GALE-BWR 3.0 Use

- GALE-BWR 3.0 Regenerant Solutions Waste and Detergent Waste Window

Liquid Radwaste Treatment System

High Purity Waste | Low Purity Waste | Chemical Waste | **Regenerant Solutions Waste** | Detergent Waste

Liquid Stream Flow Rate: 1700 gal/day

Decontamination Factors (DF)

Iodine DF	1e4
Cs and Rb DF	1e5
Other DF	1e5

Waste Collection and Processing

Waste collection time prior to processing	9.4 days
Waste processing and discharge times	0.44 days
Average fraction of wastes to be discharged after processing	1.0

Calculate

Save Cancel

Liquid Radwaste Treatment System

High Purity Waste | Low Purity Waste | Chemical Waste | Regenerant Solutions Waste | **Detergent Waste**

Detergent Waste Partition Factor: 1.0 fraction (0.0 for no laundry)

Save Cancel

GALE-BWR 3.0 Use

- GALE-BWR 3.0 Gaseous Radwaste Treatment System Window

Gaseous Radwaste Treatment System

Containment Building

Charcoal adsorbers
Reg. Guide 1.140 Charcoal adsorbers?

Removal efficiency (Range 0 - 100)
See Efficiency Information Below %

HEPA filters
Reg. Guide 1.140 HEPA filters?
(No = 0% ,Yes = 99%)

Turbine Building

Charcoal adsorbers
Reg. Guide 1.140 Charcoal adsorbers?

Removal efficiency (Range 0 - 100)
See Efficiency Information Below %

HEPA filters
Reg. Guide 1.140 HEPA filters?
(No = 0% ,Yes = 99%)

Auxiliary Building

Charcoal adsorbers
Reg. Guide 1.140 Charcoal adsorbers?

Removal efficiency (Range 0 - 100)
See Efficiency Information Below %

HEPA filters
Reg. Guide 1.140 HEPA filters?
(No = 0% ,Yes = 99%)

Gland Seal

Gland seal steam flow thousand lb/hr

Gland seal holdup time hours

Iodine released from
condensor vent fraction

Radwaste Building

Charcoal adsorbers
Reg. Guide 1.140 Charcoal adsorbers?

Removal efficiency (Range 0 - 100)
See Efficiency Information Below %

HEPA filters
Reg. Guide 1.140 HEPA filters?
(No = 0% ,Yes = 99%)

Air Ejector Offgas

Air Ejector holdup time hours

Iodine released from
air ejector vent fraction

Charcoal Delay System?

Kr Dynamic Adsorption Coefficient cm³/g

Xe Dynamic Adsorption Coefficient cm³/g

Mass of Charcoal thousand lb

Charcoal Adsorbers Removal Efficiency Information

Reg. Guide 1.140 Efficiency

Save Cancel

GALE-BWR 3.0 Use

- GALE-BWR 3.0 Charcoal Adsorber Efficiency Windows

NUREG-0016, Revision 1 Charcoal Efficiency Information

Table 1-6 taken from NUREG-0016, Revision 1
Note: Recommended for use with GALEB6

TABLE 1-6
ASSIGNED REMOVAL EFFICIENCIES FOR CHARCOAL ADSORBERS
FOR RADIOIODINE REMOVAL

Activated Carbon ^a Bed Depth	Removal Efficiencies ^b for Radioiodine %
2 inches. Air filtration system designed to operate inside reactor containment	90.
2 inches. Air filtration system designed to operate outside the reactor containment and relative humidity is controlled at 70%.	70.
4 inches. Air filtration system designed to operate outside the reactor containment and relative humidity is controlled at 70%	90.
6 inches. Air filtration system designed to operate outside the reactor containment and relative humidity is controlled to 70%.	99.

^aMultiple beds, e.g., two 2-inch beds in series, should be treated as a single bed of aggregate depth of 4 inches.

^bThe removal efficiencies assigned HEPA filters for particulate removal and charcoal adsorbers for radioiodine removal are based on the design, testing and maintenance criteria recommended in Regulatory Guide 1.140, "Design, Testing and Maintenance Criteria for Normal Ventilation Exhaust System Air Filtration and Adsorption Units of Light-Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants" (Ref. 2).

OK

Regulatory Guide 1.140, Revision 2 Charcoal Efficiency Information

Table 1 taken from Regulatory Guide 1.140, Revision 2
Note: Recommended for use with GALE09

Table 1: Laboratory Tests For Activated Carbon

Activated Carbon ^a Total Bed Depth ^b	Maximum Assigned Activated Carbon Decontamination Efficiencies	Methyl Iodide Penetration Acceptance Criterion for Representative Sample
2 inches	Elemental iodine Organic iodine	95% 95%
4 inches or greater	Elemental iodine Organic iodine	99% 99%

^a The activated carbon, when new, should meet the specifications of Regulatory Position 4.9 of this guide.

^b Multiple beds, e.g., two 2-inch beds in series, should be treated as a single bed of aggregate depth. It is advantageous when series beds are located in separate housings and individually in-place leak tested. This aids in mixing the challenge agent and contributes to the accuracy of the test results.

NOTES:

(1) Credited decontamination efficiencies (a portion of which includes bypass leakage) are based on 0.25 second residence time per 2-inch bed depth.

(2) Organic iodine and elemental iodine are the forms of iodine that are expected to be absorbed by activated carbon. Organic iodine is more difficult for activated carbon to adsorb than elemental iodine. Therefore, the laboratory test to determine the performance of the activated carbon adsorber is based on organic iodine. Methyl iodide is the organic form of iodine that is used in the laboratory test.

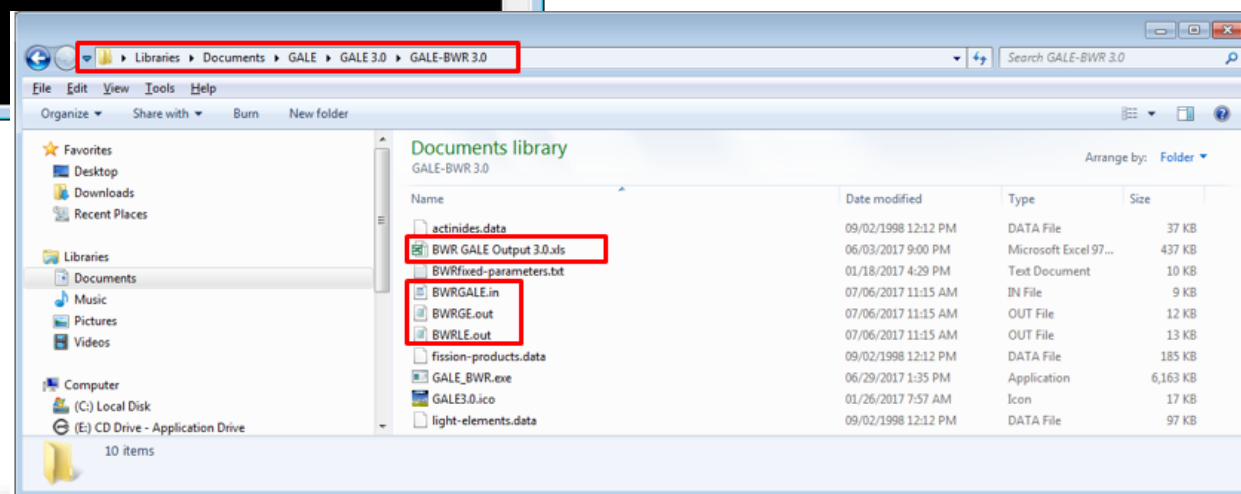
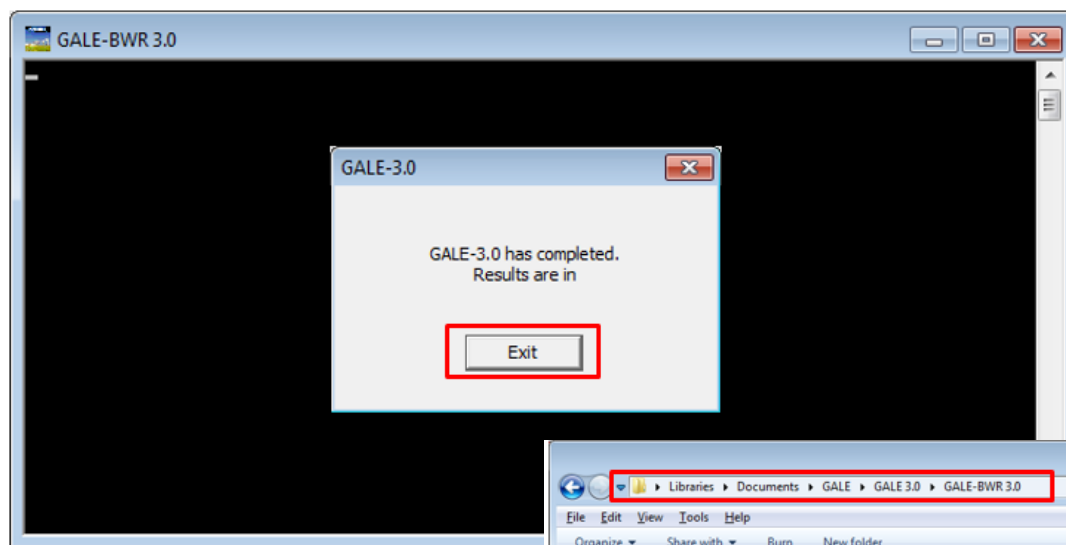
(3) This Table 1 provides acceptable decontamination efficiencies and methyl iodide test penetrations of used activated carbon samples for laboratory testing. Laboratory tests are conducted in accordance with ASTM D3803-1989 (Ref. 4). Tests are conducted at a temperature of 30°C and relative humidity of 95%, except a relative humidity of 70% is used when the air entering the carbon adsorber is maintained at less than or equal to 70% relative humidity.

(4) See Appendix A to ASME N509-1989 (Ref. 1) for the definition of a representative sample. Testing should be performed at the frequencies specified in Regulatory Position 7.2 of this guide. Testing should be performed in accordance with ASTM D3803-1989 (Ref. 4) at a temperature of 30°C and a relative humidity of 95% (or 70% with humidity control). Humidity control can be provided by heaters or an analysis that demonstrates that the air entering the carbon will be maintained less than or equal to 70% relative humidity.

OK

GALE-BWR 3.0 Use

- GALE-BWR 3.0 Execution and Outputs



GALE-BWR 3.0 Use

GALE-BWRGE 3.0 Output

=====

***** GALE version: GALEB *****

***** AND-18.1 version: 1984 *****

*** Modification to Fixed Parameters Requested. Changes listed below ***

plant capacity factor Recommended value: 0.8000 Requested value: 0.8700

=====

BWR Sample

Parameter	Value
THERMAL POWER LEVEL (MEGAWATTS)	3.4000E+03
PLANT CAPACITY FACTOR	8.7000E-01
TOTAL STEAM FLOW (MILLION LBS/HR)	1.5000E+01
MASS OF WATER IN REACTOR VESSEL (MILLION LBS)	3.8000E+01
CLEAN-UP DEMINERALIZER FLOW (MILLION LBS/HR)	1.0000E-01
CONDENSATE DEMINERALIZER REGENERATION TIME (DAYS)	5.0000E-01
REACTOR VESSEL HOLDUP THROUGH CONDENSATE DRAIN	1.0000E+00
REACTOR VESSEL HALOGEN CARRYOVER FACTOR	1.0000E-02

=====

LIQUID WASTE INPUTS

STREAM	FLOW RATE (GAL/DAY)	FRACTION OF PCA	FRACTION DISCHARGED	COLLECTION TIME (DAYS)	DECAY TIME (DAYS)	DECONTAMINATION CS	FACTORS OTHERS
HIGH PURITY WASTE	2.8640E+04	1.5000E-01	1.0000E-02	1.0000E+00	7.0000E-02	1.0000E+03	1.0000E+02
LOW PURITY WASTE	5.7000E+03	1.3000E-01	1.0000E-02	1.0000E+00	6.0000E-01	1.0000E+04	1.0000E+04
CHEMICAL WASTE	6.0000E+02	2.0000E-02	1.0000E+00	1.0000E+00	6.0000E-01	1.0000E+03	1.0000E+04
REGENERANT SOLS	1.7000E+03	1.0000E+00	9.4000E+00	4.0000E-01	1.0000E-01	1.0000E+04	1.0000E+05

=====

GASEOUS WASTE INPUTS

Parameter	Value
TOTAL STEAM FLOW (THOUSAND LBS/HR)	0.0000E+00
GLAND SEAL HOLDUP TIME (HOURS)	0.0000E+00
AIR EJECTOR OFFGAS HOLDUP TIME (HOURS)	1.8700E-01
CONTAINMENT BLDG IODINE RELEASE FRACTION	1.0000E-01
TURBINE BLDG IODINE RELEASE FRACTION	1.0000E+00
GLAND SEAL VENT. IODINE FF	1.0000E+00
AIR EJECTOR OFFGAS IODINE FF	1.0000E+00
AUXILIARY BLDG IODINE RELEASE FRACTION	1.0000E+00
RADWASTE BLDG IODINE RELEASE FRACTION	1.0000E+00
PARTICULATE RELEASE FRACTION	1.0000E-02
THERE IS A CHARCOAL DELAY SYSTEM	2.66824E+00
KRYPTON HOLDUP TIME (DAYS)	6.12424E+01
KRYPTON DYNAMIC ADSORPTION COEFFICIENT (CM3/GM)	1.0000E+02
XENON DYNAMIC ADSORPTION COEFFICIENT (CM3/GM)	2.4100E+03
MASS OF CHARCOAL (THOUSAND LBS)	4.8000E-01

=====

BWR Sample

GASEOUS RELEASE RATE (CURIES PER YEAR)

NUCLIDE	COOLANT CONC. (MICROCURI/G)	CONTAINMENT BLDG.	TURBINE BLDG.	AUXILIARY BLDG.	GLAND SEAL	AIR EJECTOR	MECH VAC PUMP	TOTAL
I-131	1.06139E-03	4.64831E-04	7.00361E-02	1.31385E-02	6.27349E-03	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	4.51189E-02
I-133	7.49816E-03	7.81931E-04	9.94766E-01	9.28033E-02	4.0000E-02	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	9.34854E-01

H-3 RELEASED FROM TURBINE BLDG. VENTILATION SYSTEM = 2.6000E+01

H-3 RELEASED FROM CONTAINMENT BLDG. VENTILATION SYSTEM = 2.6000E+01

TOTAL H-3 RELEASED VIA GASEOUS PATHWAY = 5.2000E+01

C-14 RELEASED VIA MAIN CONDENSER OFFGAS SYSTEM = 1.03318E-02 CI/YR

=====

BWR Sample

GASEOUS RELEASE RATE (CURIES PER YEAR)

NUCLIDE	COOLANT CONC. (MICROCURI/G)	CONTAINMENT BLDG.	TURBINE BLDG.	AUXILIARY BLDG.	GLAND SEAL	AIR EJECTOR	MECH VAC PUMP	TOTAL
AR-41	0.0000E+00	1.5000E+01	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	2.3000E+01	0.0000E+00	3.8108E+01
KR-83M	1.9000E-04	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00
KR-89M	1.0000E-03	1.0000E+00	2.5000E+01	1.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	2.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	3.11081E+01
KR-85	4.0000E-06	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	2.07503E+02
KR-87	3.3000E-03	0.0000E+00	6.1000E+01	2.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	6.10000E+01
KR-88	5.3000E-01	1.0000E-01	9.1000E+01	1.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	2.1000E+02	0.0000E+00	9.50000E+01
KR-89	2.1000E-02	0.0000E+00	5.8000E+02	2.0000E+00	2.9000E+01	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	6.11000E+02
CR-51M	3.3000E-06	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	4.8465E+01
XE-133M	4.9000E-05	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00
XE-133	1.4000E-03	7.0000E-01	0.5000E+02	8.3000E+01	0.0000E+00	5.3000E+01	1.3000E+01	5.0333E+03
XE-135M	4.4000E-03	1.5000E+01	4.0000E+02	4.5000E+01	5.3000E+02	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	9.90000E+02
XE-135	3.8000E-03	1.0000E+01	3.0000E+02	3.0000E+02	2.8000E+02	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	1.3700E+03
XE-137	2.6000E-02	4.0000E+03	1.0000E+03	1.3500E+02	8.3000E+01	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	1.26300E+03
XE-138	1.5000E-02	2.0000E+00	1.0000E+03	2.0000E+00	2.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	1.01000E+03
TOTAL NOBLE GASES								7.40000E+03

0.0000E+00 APPEARING IN THE TABLE INDICATES RELEASE IS LESS THAN 1.0 CI/YR FOR NOBLE GAS

=====

BWR Sample

AIRBORNE PARTICULATE RELEASE RATE (CURIES PER YEAR)

NUCLIDE	CONTAINMENT BLDG.	TURBINE BLDG.	AUXILIARY BLDG.	GLAND SEAL	AIR EJECTOR	MECH VAC. PUMP	TOTAL
CR-51	2.0000E-06	9.0000E-04	9.0000E-04	7.0000E-06	0.0000E-06	1.8000E-06	0.0000E-06
PN-54	4.0000E-06	6.0000E-04	1.0000E-03	4.0000E-05	0.0000E-06	1.6000E-06	0.0000E-06
CO-58	1.0000E-07	1.0000E-03	2.0000E-04	3.0000E-06	0.0000E-06	4.0000E-04	0.0000E-06
FE-59	9.0000E-07	1.0000E-04	3.0000E-04	3.0000E-06	0.0000E-06	4.0000E-04	0.0000E-06
CO-60	1.0000E-07	1.0000E-03	2.0000E-04	7.0000E-06	0.0000E-06	1.0000E-04	0.0000E-06
ZN-65	1.0000E-05	6.0000E-03	4.0000E-03	3.0000E-06	0.0000E-06	1.0000E-02	0.0000E-06
SR-89	1.0000E-07	6.0000E-03	4.0000E-03	3.0000E-06	0.0000E-06	1.0000E-02	0.0000E-06
SR-90	3.0000E-08	2.0000E-05	7.0000E-06	0.0000E-06	0.0000E-06	2.7000E-05	0.0000E-06
SR-91	1.0000E-07	4.0000E-06	9.0000E-03	3.0000E-06	0.0000E-06	6.0000E-06	0.0000E-06
SR-95	3.0000E-08	4.0000E-05	7.0000E-04	8.0000E-06	0.0000E-06	7.3000E-04	0.0000E-06
SR-99	6.0000E-07	1.0000E-05	2.0000E-06	1.0000E-06	0.0000E-06	2.0000E-06	0.0000E-06
NC-103	2.0000E-08	1.0000E-05	4.0000E-03	1.0000E-08	0.0000E-06	4.1000E-03	0.0000E-06
SR-124	2.0000E-07	1.0000E-04	1.0000E-03	7.0000E-07	0.0000E-06	1.3000E-04	0.0000E-06
CS-134	1.0000E-07	1.0000E-04	4.0000E-04	2.0000E-07	0.0000E-06	3.2000E-05	0.0000E-06
CS-136	1.0000E-08	1.0000E-04	4.0000E-04	2.0000E-07	0.0000E-06	1.9000E-08	0.0000E-06
CS-137	9.0000E-03	5.0000E-03	5.0000E-03	2.0000E-07	0.0000E-06	8.9000E-03	0.0000E-06
BA-140	2.0000E-05	1.0000E-02	2.0000E-02	4.0000E-08	0.0000E-06	1.0000E-05	0.0000E-06
CE-141	2.0000E-06	1.0000E-02	7.0000E-04	7.0000E-08	0.0000E-06	1.1000E-02	0.0000E-06

=====

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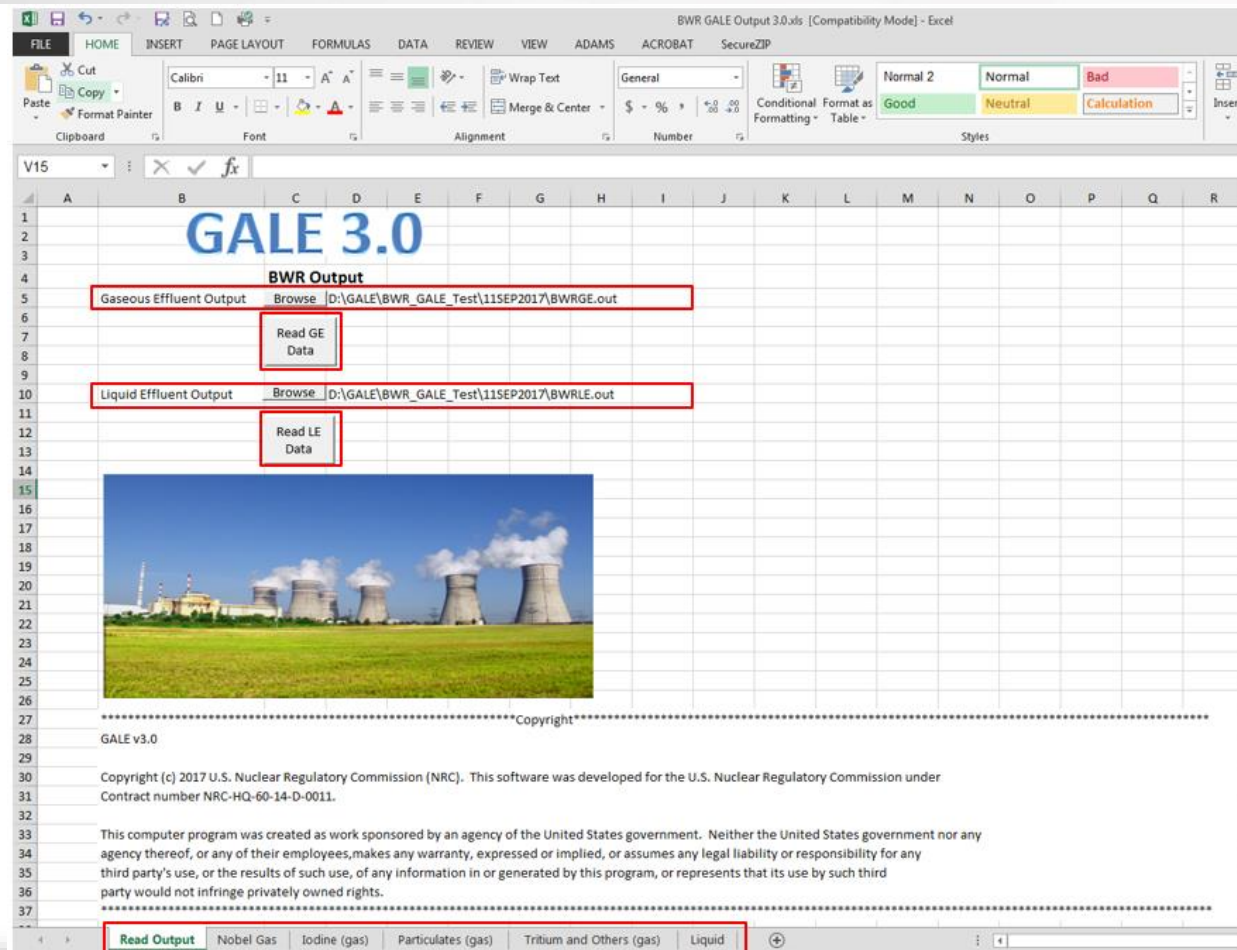
GALE v3.0

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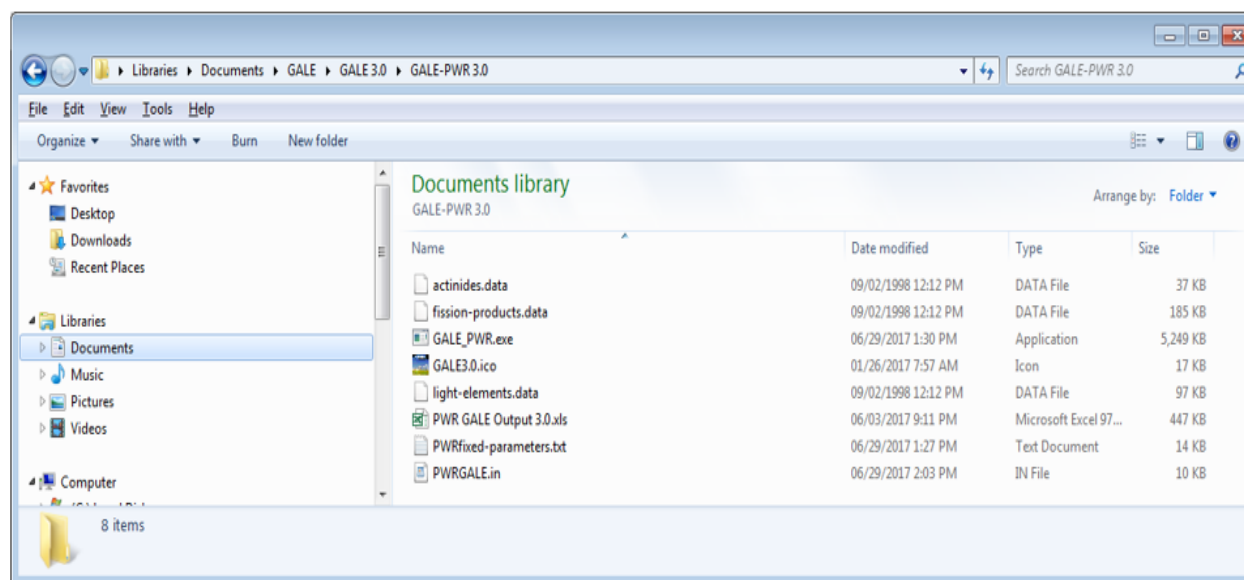
GALE-BWR 3.0 Use

- BWR GALE Output 3.0.xls



GALE-PWR 3.0 Installation

- Create a working directory and install the code package files
- The working directory should contain the 3 data files, and an existing input file if starting from a previous GALE 3.0 run. Otherwise the program will set up and save the input file. This working directory may also contain the spreadsheet for output visualization. The fixed-parameters file is optional.



GALE-PWR 3.0 Fixed Parameters File

- GALE-PWR 3.0 Fixed Parameters File

```

PWRfixed-parameters.txt - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help
$user
!3.1 Plant Capacity Factor (GE and LE)
! Value from Section 2.2.2 of NUREG-0017, Revision 1 (GALE86 code)
PF_user=0.8 !Plant Capacity Factor (fraction)

!3.2 Coolant and Main Steam Radionuclide Concentrations (GE and LE)
! GE noble gas and iodine concentrations in reactor coolant and main steam (micro curies/g)
! values from Table 7 of ANSI/ANS-18.1-1984 (GALE86 Code)
! Once-Through Steam Generator
! Reactor Coolant      Main Steam
XP10_user(1)=1.6E-01,  XP2o_user(1)=3.4E-08  ! KR-85M
XP10_user(2)=4.3E-01,  XP2o_user(2)=8.9E-08  ! KR-85
XP10_user(3)=1.5E-01,  XP2o_user(3)=3.0E-08  ! KR-87
XP10_user(4)=2.8E-01,  XP2o_user(4)=5.9E-08  ! KR-88
XP10_user(5)=7.3E-01,  XP2o_user(5)=1.5E-07  ! XE-131M
XP10_user(6)=7.0E-02,  XP2o_user(6)=1.5E-08  ! XE-133M
XP10_user(7)=2.6E+00,  XP2o_user(7)=5.4E-07  ! XE-133
XP10_user(8)=1.3E-01,  XP2o_user(8)=2.7E-08  ! XE-135M
XP10_user(9)=8.5E-01,  XP2o_user(9)=1.8E-07  ! XE-135
XP10_user(10)=3.4E-02, XP2o_user(10)=7.1E-09  ! XE-137
XP10_user(11)=1.2E-01, XP2o_user(11)=2.5E-08  ! XE-138
XP10_user(12)=4.5E-02, XP2o_user(12)=5.2E-08  ! I-131
XP10_user(13)=2.1E-01, XP2o_user(13)=2.4E-07  ! I-132
XP10_user(14)=1.4E-01, XP2o_user(14)=1.6E-07  ! I-133
XP10_user(15)=3.4E-01, XP2o_user(15)=3.8E-07  ! I-134
XP10_user(16)=2.6E-01, XP2o_user(16)=3.0E-07  ! I-135

!3.13 Argon-41 Release (GE)
! Value from Section 2.2.26 of NUREG-0017, Revision 1 (GALE86 code)
Ar41_user=34.0 !ci/yr

!3.14 Carbon-14 Release (GE)
! Value from Section 2.2.25 of NUREG-0017, Revision 1 (GALE86 code)
C14_user=7.3 !ci/yr

!3.15 Decontamination Factors for Condensate Demineralizers (LE)
! Values from Section 2.2.18 of NUREG-0017, Revision 1 (GALE86 code)
DFCDI_user=10.0 !Anion DF for Condensate Demineralizers
DFCDO_user=10.0 !Other Nuclide DF for Condensate Demineralizers
DFCDCS_user=2.0 !Cesium DF for Condensate Demineralizers

!3.17 Releases of Radioactive Material in Liquid waste from the Turbine Building Floor Drain System (LE)
! Value from Section 2.2.14 (Table 2-26) of NUREG-0017, Revision 1 (GALE86 code)
TBdrain_user = 7200.0 ! gal/day at main steam activity

!3.19 Source Term Adjustments for Anticipated Operational Occurrences (LE)
! Value from Section 2.2.23 of NUREG-0017, Revision 1 (GALE86 code)
ADTFixed_user = 0.16 !adjustment is made to liquid radwaste source terms to account for AOO (ci/yr)
Send
  
```

GALE-PWR 3.0 Use

- GALE-PWR 3.0 Introductory Screen



GALE-PWR 3.0 Use

- GALE-PWR 3.0 Introductory Screen Selecting GALE and ANS 18.1 Version

PWR GALE-3.0



Input File Name: PWRGALE.in

Type of Analysis: ☒ Gas ☒ Liquid

Output Files:

GALE Version	ANS-18.1 Version
GALE86	1984
GALE86	
GALE09	

Legacy Input

☐ Read Legacy Input

Gas Input: PWRGE09.inp

Gas Output: PWRGE09.out

Liquid Input: PWRLE09.inp

Liquid Output: PWRLE09.out

September 2017

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OK Cancel

PWR GALE-3.0



Input File Name: PWRGALE.in

Type of Analysis: ☒ Gas ☒ Liquid

Output Files:

GALE Version	ANS-18.1 Version
GALE86	1984
PWRGE.out	1999
PWRLE.out	2016

Legacy Input

☐ Read Legacy Input

Gas Input: PWRGE09.inp

Gas Output: PWRGE09.out

Liquid Input: PWRLE09.inp

Liquid Output: PWRLE09.out

September 2017

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OK Cancel

GALE-PWR 3.0 Use

- GALE-PWR 3.0 General Reactor Parameters Window

General Reactor Parameters

Name of Reactor

Thermal Power Level MW(th)

Mass of Coolant in Primary System thousand lb

Primary System Letdown Rate gal/min

Letdown Cation Demineralizer Flow Rate gal/min

Number of Steam Generators

Total Steam Flow million lb/hr

Mass of Liquid in Each Steam Generator thousand lb

Steam Generator Blowdown Rate and Blowdown Treatment Method

Type of steam generator

What is the total blowdown rate? (Only Input for U-Tube) thousand lb/hr

Condensate demineralizer regeneration time days

Fraction of feedwater through condensate demineralizers fraction

GALE-PWR 3.0 Use

- GALE-PWR 3.0 Shim Bleed Window and Calculator

Liquid Radwaste Treatment System

Shim Bleed | Equipment Drain Waste | Clean Waste | Dirty Waste | Blowdown Waste | Regenerant Waste | Detergent Waste

Liquid Stream
Flow Rate: 1440 gal/day

Decontamination Factors (DF)
Iodine DF: 5e3
Cs and Rb DF: 2e3
Other DF: 1e5

Waste Collection and Processing
Waste collection time prior to processing: 22.6 days
Waste processing and discharge times: 0.93 days
Average fraction of wastes to be discharged after processing: 0.1

Calculate

Save Cancel

Waste collection time, and processing and discharge time calculation

Volume of collection tank: [] gallons
Rate into collection tank: [] gal/day
Are there redundant tanks? []
Limiting equipment flow capacity of cleanup process: [] gal/day
Volume of final tank following cleanup: [] gallons
Rate of addition waste into final tank: [] gal/day
Flow capacity of final tank discharge pump: [] gal/day

Waste collection time prior to processing: [] days
Waste processing and discharge time: [] days

Calculate
Use Values

Rate into collection tank → Collection Tank → Limiting Process → Final Tank →

Rate of additional waste into final tank
Limiting equipment flow capacity
Flow capacity of final discharge pump

Cancel

GALE-PWR 3.0 Use

- GALE-PWR 3.0 Equipment Drain Waste Window and Calculator

Liquid Radwaste Treatment System

Shim Bleed **Equipment Drain Waste** Clean Waste Dirty Waste Blowdown Waste Regenerant Waste Detergent Waste

Liquid Stream
Flow Rate gal/day
Activity of Inlet Stream fraction of primary coolant activity

Combine from various sources

Decontamination Factors (DF)
Iodine DF
Cs and Rb DF
Other DF

Waste Collection and Processing
Waste collection time prior to processing days
Waste processing and discharge times days
Average fraction of wastes to be discharged after processing

Calculate

Save Cancel

Equipment Drain Waste

Equipment drains from:	Average Flow, gallons/day	Fraction of Primary Coolant Activity (PCA)
Drywell		
Reactor Building		
Turbine Building		
Radwaste Building		
Auxiliary Building		
Fuel Pool Building		
Other		
Total		

Calculate Use Values Cancel

GALE-PWR 3.0 Use

- GALE-PWR 3.0 Clean Waste Window and Calculator

Liquid Radwaste Treatment System

Shim Bleed | Equipment Drain Waste | **Clean Waste** | Dirty Waste | Blowdown Waste | Regenerant Waste | Detergent Waste

Liquid Stream
Flow Rate: 980 gal/day
Activity of Inlet Stream: 0.093 fraction of primary coolant activity

Combine from various sources

Decontamination Factors (DF)
Iodine DF: 5e2
Cs and Rb DF: 1e3
Other DF: 1e4

Waste Collection and Processing
Waste collection time prior to processing: 5.7 days
Waste processing and discharge times: 0.13 days
Average fraction of wastes to be discharged after processing: 0.1

Calculate

Save Cancel

Clean Waste (deaerated or tritiated)

Equipment drains from:

	Average Flow, gallons/day	Fraction of Primary Coolant Activity (PCA)
Waste stream A		
Waste stream B		
Waste stream C		
Waste stream D		
Waste stream E		
Waste stream F		
Waste stream G		
Total		

Calculate Use Values Cancel

GALE-PWR 3.0 Use

- GALE-PWR 3.0 Dirty Waste Window and Calculator

Liquid Radwaste Treatment System

Shim Bleed | Equipment Drain Waste | Clean Waste | **Dirty Waste** | Blowdown Waste | Regenerant Waste | Detergent Waste

Liquid Stream
Flow Rate: 2100 gal/day
Activity of Inlet Stream: 0.01 fraction of primary coolant activity

Combine from various sources

Decontamination Factors (DF)
Iodine DF: 5e2
Cs and Rb DF: 1e3
Other DF: 1e4

Waste Collection and Processing
Waste collection time prior to processing: 3.8 days
Waste processing and discharge times: 0.19 days
Average fraction of wastes to be discharged after processing: 1.0

Calculate

Save Cancel

Miscellaneous Dirty Waste (aerated or non tritiated)

Equipment drains from:

	Average Flow, gallons/day	Fraction of Primary Coolant Activity (PCA)
Waste stream A		
Waste stream B		
Waste stream C		
Waste stream D		
Waste stream E		
Waste stream F		
Waste stream G		
Total		

Calculate Use Values Cancel

GALE-PWR 3.0 Use

- GALE-PWR 3.0 Blowdown Waste and Regenerant Solutions Waste Window

Liquid Radwaste Treatment System

Shim Bleed | Equipment Drain Waste | Clean Waste | Dirty Waste | **Blowdown Waste** | Regenerant Waste | Detergent Waste

Fraction of Steam Processed: 1.0

Decontamination Factors (DF)

Iodine DF	1e3
Cs and Rb DF	1e2
Other DF	1e3

Waste Collection and Processing

Waste collection time prior to processing	0	days
Waste processing and discharge times	0	days
Average fraction of wastes to be discharged after processing	0	

Calculate

Save Cancel

Liquid Radwaste Treatment System

Shim Bleed | Equipment Drain Waste | Clean Waste | Dirty Waste | Blowdown Waste | **Regenerant Waste** | Detergent Waste

Liquid Stream Flow Rate: 3400 gal/day

Decontamination Factors (DF)

Iodine DF	5e2
Cs and Rb DF	1e3
Other DF	1e4

Waste Collection and Processing

Waste collection time prior to processing	4.7	days
Waste processing and discharge times	0.37	days
Average fraction of wastes to be discharged after processing	0.1	

Calculate

Save Cancel

GALE-PWR 3.0 Use

- GALE-PWR 3.0 Detergent Waste Window

Liquid Radwaste Treatment System

Shim Bleed | Equipment Drain Waste | Clean Waste | Dirty Waste | Blowdown Waste | Regenerant Waste | Detergent Waste

Detergent Waste Partition Factor (Range 0.0 - 1.0) 1.0 fraction (0.0 for no laundry)

Save Cancel

GALE-PWR 3.0 Use

- GALE-PWR 3.0 Gaseous Radwaste Treatment System Window

Gaseous Radwaste Treatment System

Letdown System
1 - continuous degassification of the full letdown flow

Holdup time for fission gases stripped from the primary coolant

Holdup time for Xe 60 days

Holdup time for Kr 3.54 days

Fill time of Decay Tanks for the gas stripper 0 days

Containment building Waste Gas System Particulate Release

Containment high volume purge Fuel handling building

Containment low volume purge Auxiliary building

HEPA filters

Reg. Guide 1.140 HEPA filters? (No = 0% ,Yes = 99%) Yes

Iodine

Fraction of iodine released from blowdown tank vent 0 Fraction

Percent of iodine removed from Air Ejector release 0 %

Save Cancel

Gaseous Radwaste Treatment System

Letdown System
1 - continuous degassification of the full letdown flow
0 - no continuous gas stripping of full letdown flow
1 - continuous degassification of the full letdown flow
2 - continuous purging of the volume control tank

Holdup time for fission gases stripped from the primary coolant

Holdup time for Xe 60 days

Holdup time for Kr 3.54 days

Fill time of Decay Tanks for the gas stripper 0 days

Containment building Waste Gas System Particulate Release

Containment high volume purge Fuel handling building

Containment low volume purge Auxiliary building

HEPA filters

Reg. Guide 1.140 HEPA filters? (No = 0% ,Yes = 99%) Yes

Iodine

Fraction of iodine released from blowdown tank vent 0 Fraction

Percent of iodine removed from Air Ejector release 0 %

Save Cancel

GALE-PWR 3.0 Use

- GALE-PWR 3.0 Gaseous Radwaste Treatment System Window (cont.)

Gaseous Radwaste Treatment System

Letdown System
1 - continuous degassification of the full letdown flo

Holdup time for fission gases stripped from the primary coolant
 Holdup time for Xe 60 days
 Holdup time for Kr 3.54 days
 Fill time of Decay Tanks for the gas stripper 0 days

Containment building | Containment high volume purge | Containment low volume purge
 Waste Gas System Particulate Release | Fuel handling building | Auxiliary building

HEPA filters
 Reg. Guide 1.140 HEPA filters? (No = 0% ,Yes = 99%) Yes

Iodine
 Fraction of iodine released from blowdown tank vent 0 Fraction
 Percent of iodine removed from Air Ejector release 0 %

Save Cancel

Gaseous Radwaste Treatment System

Letdown System
1 - continuous degassification of the full letdown flo

Holdup time for fission gases stripped from the primary coolant
 Holdup time for Xe 60 days
 Holdup time for Kr 3.54 days
 Fill time of Decay Tanks for the gas stripper 0 days

Containment building | Containment high volume purge | Containment low volume purge
 Waste Gas System Particulate Release | Fuel handling building | Auxiliary building

Charcoal adsorbers
 Reg. Guide 1.140 Charcoal adsorbers? Yes
 (No = 0% ,Yes = 99%)
 Removal efficiency (Range 0 - 100) 90 %
 Reg. Guide 1.140 Efficiency NUREG-0017 Efficiency

HEPA filters
 Reg. Guide 1.140 HEPA filters? (No = 0% ,Yes = 99%) No

Iodine
 Fraction of iodine released from blowdown tank vent 0 Fraction
 Percent of iodine removed from Air Ejector release 0 %

Save Cancel

GALE-PWR 3.0 Use

- GALE-PWR 3.0 Charcoal Adsorber Efficiency Windows

NUREG-0017, Revision 1 Charcoal Efficiency Information

Table 1-5 taken from NUREG-0017, Revision 1
Note: Recommended for use with GALE86

TABLE 1-5
ASSIGNED REMOVAL EFFICIENCIES FOR CHARCOAL ADSORBERS
FOR RADIOIODINE REMOVAL

Activated Carbon ^a Bed Depth	Removal Efficiencies ^b for Radioiodine %
2 inches. Air filtration system designed to operate inside reactor containment	90.
2 inches. Air filtration system designed to operate outside the reactor containment and relative humidity is controlled at 70%	70.
4 inches. Air filtration system designed to operate outside the reactor containment and relative humidity is controlled at 70%	90.
6 inches. Air filtration system designed to operate outside the reactor containment and relative humidity is controlled to 70%	99.

^a Multiple beds, e.g., two 2-inch beds in series, should be treated as a single bed of aggregate depth of 4 inches.

^b The removal efficiencies assigned to HEPA filters for particulate removal and charcoal adsorbers for radioiodine removal are based on the design, testing, and maintenance criteria recommended in Regulatory Guide 1.140, "Design, Testing and Maintenance Criteria for Normal Ventilation Exhaust System Air Filtration and Adsorption Units of Light-Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants" (Ref. 2).

OK

Regulatory Guide 1.140, Revision 2 Charcoal Efficiency Information

Table 1 taken from Regulatory Guide 1.140, Revision 2
Note: Recommended for use with GALE09

TABLE 1: Laboratory Tests For Activated Carbon

Activated Carbon ^a Total Bed Depth ^b	Maximum Assigned Activated Carbon Decontamination Efficiencies	Methyl Iodide Penetration Acceptance Criterion for Representative Sample
2 inches	Elemental iodine Organic iodine	95% 95%
4 inches or greater	Elemental iodine Organic iodine	99% 99%

^a The activated carbon, when new, should meet the specifications of Regulatory Position 4.9 of this guide.

^b Multiple beds, e.g., two 2-inch beds in series, should be treated as a single bed of aggregate depth. It is advantageous when series beds are located in separate housings and individually in-place leak tested. This aids in mixing the challenge agent and contributes to the accuracy of the test results.

NOTES:

(1) Credited decontamination efficiencies (a portion of which includes bypass leakage) are based on 0.25 second residence time per 2-inch bed depth.

(2) Organic iodide and elemental iodine are the forms of iodine that are expected to be absorbed by activated carbon. Organic iodide is more difficult for activated carbon to adsorb than elemental iodine. Therefore, the laboratory test to determine the performance of the activated carbon adsorber is based on organic iodide. Methyl iodide is the organic form of iodine that is used in the laboratory test.

(3) This Table 1 provides acceptable decontamination efficiencies and methyl iodide test penetrations of used activated carbon samples for laboratory testing. Laboratory tests are conducted in accordance with ASTM D3803-1989 (Ref. 4). Tests are conducted at a temperature of 30°C and relative humidity of 95%, except a relative humidity of 70% is used when the air entering the carbon adsorber is maintained at less than or equal to 70% relative humidity.

(4) See Appendix A to ASME N509-1989 (Ref. 1) for the definition of a representative sample. Testing should be performed at the frequencies specified in Regulatory Position 7.2 of this guide. Testing should be performed in accordance with ASTM D3803-1989 (Ref. 4) at a temperature of 30°C and a relative humidity of 95% (or 70% with humidity control). Humidity control can be provided by heaters or an analysis that demonstrates that the air entering the carbon will be maintained less than or equal to 70% relative humidity.

OK

GALE-PWR 3.0 Use

- GALE-PWR 3.0 Gaseous Radwaste Treatment System Window (cont.)

Gaseous Radwaste Treatment System

Letdown System
1 - continuous degassification of the full letdown flow

Holdup time for fission gases stripped from the primary coolant
 Holdup time for Xe 60 days
 Holdup time for Kr 3.54 days
 Fill time of Decay Tanks for the gas stripper 0 days

Containment building	Containment high volume purge	Containment low volume purge
Waste Gas System Particulate Release	Fuel handling building	Auxiliary building

Charcoal adsorbers
 Reg. Guide 1.140 Charcoal adsorbers? (No = 0% _Yes = 99%) Yes
 Removal efficiency (Range 0 - 100) 90 %
 HEPA filters
 Reg. Guide 1.140 HEPA filters? (No = 0% _Yes = 99%) No

Iodine
 Fraction of iodine released from blowdown tank vent 0 Fraction
 Percent of iodine removed from Air Ejector release 0 %

Save Cancel

Gaseous Radwaste Treatment System

Letdown System
1 - continuous degassification of the full letdown flow

Holdup time for fission gases stripped from the primary coolant
 Holdup time for Xe 60 days
 Holdup time for Kr 3.54 days
 Fill time of Decay Tanks for the gas stripper 0 days

Waste Gas System Particulate Release	Fuel handling building	Auxiliary building
Containment building	Containment high volume purge	Containment low volume purge

Containment free volume 2.715 million ft³

Containment Internal Cleanup System
 Charcoal adsorbers
 Reg. Guide 1.140 Charcoal adsorbers? (No = 0% _Yes = 99%) No
 Removal efficiency (Range 0 - 100) 0 %
 HEPA filters
 Reg. Guide 1.140 HEPA filters? (No = 0% _Yes = 99%) No
 Flow rate through internal cleanup system 0 thousand ft³/min

Iodine
 Fraction of iodine released from blowdown tank vent 0 Fraction
 Percent of iodine removed from Air Ejector release 0 %

Save Cancel

GALE-PWR 3.0 Use

- GALE-PWR 3.0 Gaseous Radwaste Treatment System Window (cont.)

Gaseous Radwaste Treatment System

Letdown System
1 - continuous degassification of the full letdown flow

Holdup time for fission gases stripped from the primary coolant
 Holdup time for Xe 60 days
 Holdup time for Kr 3.54 days
 Fill time of Decay Tanks for the gas stripper 0 days

Waste Gas System Particulate Release	Fuel handling building	Auxiliary building
Containment building	Containment high volume purge	Containment low volume purge

Charcoal adsorbers
 Reg. Guide 1.140 Charcoal adsorbers? Yes
 (No = 0% ,Yes = 99%)
 Removal efficiency (Range 0 - 100) 90 %
 Reg. Guide 1.140 Efficiency NUREG-0017 Efficiency

HEPA filters
 Reg. Guide 1.140 HEPA filters? Yes
 (No = 0% ,Yes = 99%)
 Number of purges per year during power operations 0 do not include the 2 purges at shutdown

Iodine
 Fraction of iodine released from blowdown tank vent 0 Fraction
 Percent of iodine removed from Air Ejector release 0 %

Save Cancel

Gaseous Radwaste Treatment System

Letdown System
1 - continuous degassification of the full letdown flow

Holdup time for fission gases stripped from the primary coolant
 Holdup time for Xe 60 days
 Holdup time for Kr 3.54 days
 Fill time of Decay Tanks for the gas stripper 0 days

Waste Gas System Particulate Release	Fuel handling building	Auxiliary building
Containment building	Containment high volume purge	Containment low volume purge

Charcoal adsorbers
 Reg. Guide 1.140 Charcoal adsorbers? Yes
 (No = 0% ,Yes = 99%)
 Removal efficiency (Range 0 - 100) 90 %
 Reg. Guide 1.140 Efficiency NUREG-0017 Efficiency

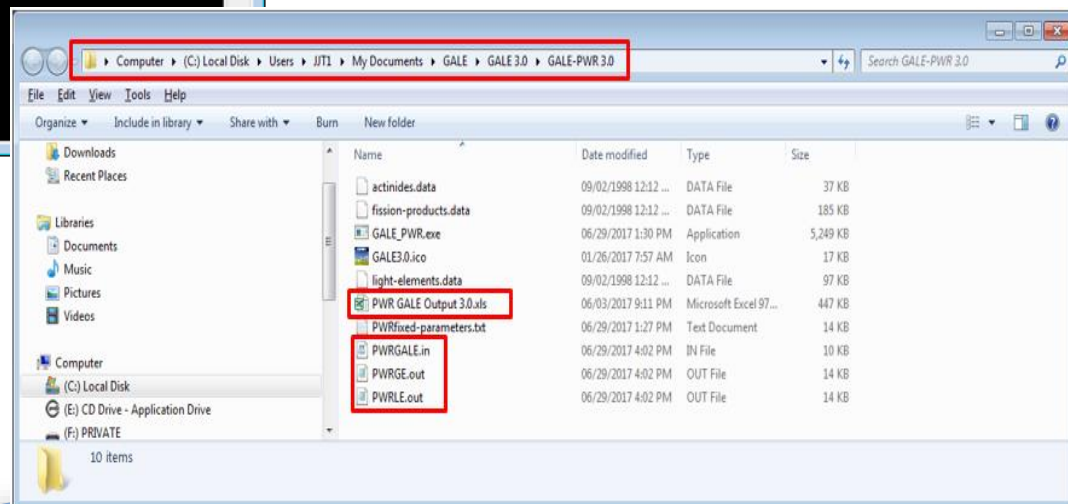
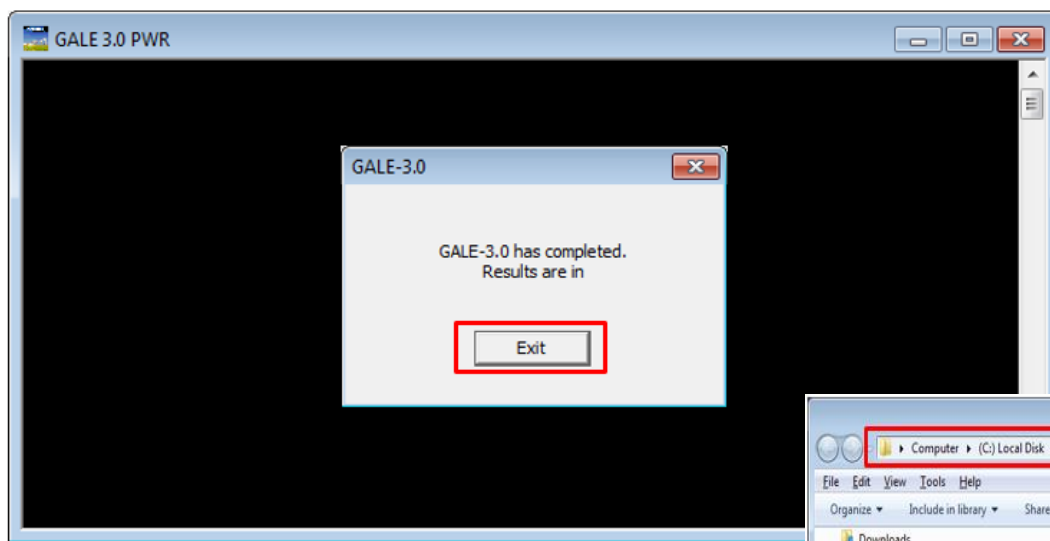
HEPA filters
 Reg. Guide 1.140 HEPA filters? Yes
 (No = 0% ,Yes = 99%)
 Continuous containment purge rate 1000 ft³/min

Iodine
 Fraction of iodine released from blowdown tank vent 0 Fraction
 Percent of iodine removed from Air Ejector release 0 %

Save Cancel

GALE-PWR 3.0 Use

- GALE-PWR 3.0 Code Execution and Outputs



GALE-PWR 3.0 Use

GALE-PWRGE 3.0 Output

GALE-PWRGE: Manager

Page 1 of 1

GALE VERSION: GALE3 *****

ANSI-38 Version: 1984 *****

*** Modification to Fixed Parameters Requested: Changes listed below ***
plant capacity factor recommended value: 0.8000 Requested Value: 0.8700

Thermal Power Level (Megawatts)	2.4000E+03
Plant Capacity Factor	8.7000E-01
Mass of Primary Coolant (Thousand LBS)	5.5000E+02
Primary System Letdown Rate (GPM)	7.5000E+01
Letdown Cation Demineralizer Flow (GPM)	7.5000E+01
Number of Steam Generators	4.0000E+00
Total Steam Flow (Million LBS/Hr)	1.5000E+01
Mass of Liquid in Each Steam Generator (Thousand LBS)	1.1250E+02
Bleeddown Rate (Thousand LBS/Hr)	7.5000E-01
Condensate Demineralizer Regeneration Time (Days)	8.4000E+00
Condensate Demineralizer Flow Fraction	6.5000E-01

Stream	Flow Rate (GAL/DAY)	Fraction of PCA	Fraction Discharged	Collection Time (Days)	Decay Time (Days)	Decontamination Factors	
						I	Others
SHIP BLEED RATE	1.4400E+01	1.0000E+00	1.0000E-01	2.2600E+01	9.3000E-01	5.0000E+03	2.0000E+03
EQUIPMENT DRAINS	3.3000E+02	9.7000E-01	1.0000E-01	2.2600E+01	9.3000E-01	5.0000E+03	2.0000E+03
CLEAN WASTE INPUT	9.4000E+02	9.3000E-02	1.0000E-01	5.7000E+00	1.3000E-01	1.0000E+03	1.0000E+04
DIRTY WASTES	2.1000E+01	1.0000E-02	1.0000E+00	3.8000E+00	1.8000E-01	1.0000E+02	1.0000E+04
BLEEDDOWN	2.1575E+01	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	1.0000E+01	1.0000E+01
UNTREATED BLEEDDOWN	0.0000E+00	1.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	1.0000E+00	1.0000E+04
REGENERANT SOLS	3.4000E+01	1.0000E-01	4.7000E+00	7.7000E-01	5.0000E+02	1.0000E+03	1.0000E+04

Flow Rate Through Gas Stripper (GPM)	7.5220E+01
Holdup Time for Xenon (Days)	6.0000E+01
Holdup Time for Krypton (Days)	3.4000E+01
Fill Time of Decay Tanks for the Gas Stripper (Days)	0.0000E+00
Primary Coolant Leak to Auxiliary Bldg (LBS/DAY)	1.6000E+02
Gas Waste System Particulate Release Fraction	1.0000E-02
Fuel Handle Bldg Iodine Release Fraction	1.0000E+00
Auxiliary Bldg Particulate Release Fraction	1.0000E+00
Containment Volume (Million FT ³)	2.1500E+00
Frequency of Primary Coolant Degassing (Times/Yr)	2.0000E+00
Frequency of Secondary Leak Rate (LBS/DAY)	7.5000E-01
There is Not a Kidney Filter	3.5000E-02
Fraction Iodine Bypassing Condensate Demineralizer	1.0000E-02
Iodine Partition Factor (Gas/Liquid) in Steam Generator	2.0000E+00
Frequency of Cont Bldg High Vol Purge (Times/Yr)	0.0000E+00
Cont-High Vol Purge Iodine Release Fraction	1.0000E-02
Cont-Low Vol Purge Particulate Release Fraction	1.0000E-01
Cont-Low Vol Purge Iodine Release Fraction	1.0000E-01
Steam Leak to Turbine Bldg (LBS/Hr)	1.7000E+03
Fraction Iodine Released from Bleeddown Tank Vent	0.0000E+00
Percent of Iodine Removed from Air Ejector Release	0.0000E+00

Sample PWR

Sample	Primary Coolant (Micro-CI/GM)	Secondary Coolant (Micro-CI/GM)	Gaseous Release Rate - Curies per Year				Gaseous Release Rate - Curies per Year			
			Fuel Handling	Reactor	Auxiliary	Turbine	Bleeddown Vent Offgas	Air Ejector Exhaust	Total	
I-131	4.4831E-02	1.3572E-06	4.5000E-04	3.6000E-03	1.1000E-02	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	1.5000E-02	
I-132	0.0966E-01	7.7160E-06	2.1000E-04	5.3000E-03	1.5000E-02	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	1.8000E-02	
I-133	1.3875E-01	2.2684E-06	1.4000E-03	6.7000E-03	3.0000E-02	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	4.1000E-02	
I-134	2.5910E-01	4.7555E-07	2.6000E-04	8.5000E-04	6.1000E-03	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	9.1000E-02	

0.0000E+00 APPEARING IN THE TABLE INDICATES RELEASE IS LESS THAN 0.0001 CI/YR FOR I

TOTAL H-3 RELEASED VIA GASEOUS PATHWAY = 1.1000E+03 CI/YR

C-14 RELEASED VIA GASEOUS PATHWAY = 7.3000E+00 CI/YR

AR-41 RELEASED VIA CONTAINMENT VENT = 3.4000E+01 CI/YR

Sample PWR

Sample	Primary Coolant (Micro-CI/GM)	Secondary Coolant (Micro-CI/GM)	Gaseous Release Rate - Curies per Year				Gaseous Release Rate - Curies per Year			
			Fuel Handling	Reactor	Auxiliary	Turbine	Bleeddown Vent Offgas	Air Ejector Exhaust	Total	
KR-86	1.2128E-01	2.8482E-08	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	3.3000E-04	3.0000E-04	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	3.7000E-04	
KR-87	5.7152E-03	1.1829E-09	3.0000E+00	7.3000E+02	1.4000E+01	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	7.3000E+02	
KR-88	1.1516E-01	2.6711E-08	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	1.2000E-04	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	1.8000E-04	
KR-89	2.2035E-01	4.8404E-08	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	4.3000E+01	5.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	5.0000E+01	
XE-110	4.1467E-02	1.0178E-09	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	1.0000E-04	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	7.3000E-04	
XE-118	1.1816E-02	2.3321E-09	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	1.0000E-04	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	1.8000E-04	
XE-119	1.2470E-01	4.6689E-08	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	4.3000E+02	5.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	4.5000E+02	
XE-119M	1.2878E-01	2.8134E-08	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	3.0000E+02	5.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	7.0000E+02	
XE-115	4.3100E-01	5.5077E-08	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	2.5000E+02	1.0000E+01	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	2.7000E+02	
XE-117	3.3783E-02	7.0512E-09	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	
XE-118	1.1701E-01	4.4478E-08	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	2.0000E+00	3.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	6.0000E+00	

0.0000E+00 APPEARING IN THE TABLE INDICATES RELEASE IS LESS THAN 1.0 CI/YR FOR NOBLE GAS

Sample PWR

NUCLIDE	Waste Gas System	Airborne Particulate Release Rate - Curies per Year				Total
		Fuel Handling	Reactor	Auxiliary	Exhaust	
CR-51	1.4000E-07	1.8000E-04	9.2000E-05	3.2000E-04	3.8000E-04	
RU-106	3.1000E-08	0.0000E+00	3.0000E-05	8.80E-05	1.2000E-04	
CO-57	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	8.2000E-06	0.0000E+00	8.2000E-06	
CO-58	0.0000E+00	2.1000E-02	2.5000E-04	1.9000E-03	2.3000E-02	
CO-60	1.4000E-07	8.2000E-03	2.6000E-03	5.1000E-04	8.7000E-03	
FE-59	0.8000E-08	0.0000E+00	2.7000E-04	5.0000E-05	8.7000E-08	
SR-89	4.4000E-07	1.3000E-03	1.3000E-04	7.5000E-04	3.0000E-03	
SR-90	1.7000E-07	6.0000E-04	5.2000E-05	2.9000E-05	1.1000E-03	
ZR-95	4.8000E-08	1.8000E-06	0.0000E+00	1.0000E-03	1.0000E-03	
NB-95	2.7000E-08	2.4000E-03	1.8000E-03	3.0000E-05	2.4000E-03	
RU-103	3.2000E-08	3.8000E-05	1.6000E-05	2.3000E-05	7.7000E-05	
RU-106	7.0000E-08	6.8000E-08	0.0000E+00	6.0000E-08	7.4000E-08	
SR-123	0.0000E+00	5.7000E-05	0.0000E+00	3.9000E-06	6.1000E-05	
CS-134	3.3000E-07	1.7000E-03	2.5000E-03	5.4000E-04	2.5000E-03	
CS-137	7.7000E-07	0.0000E+00	5.5000E-03	7.2000E-03	3.0000E-03	
BA-140	2.0000E-07	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	4.0000E-04	4.0000E-04	
CE-141	2.2000E-08	4.4000E-07	1.3000E-05	2.6000E-05	3.9000E-05	

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GALE v3.0

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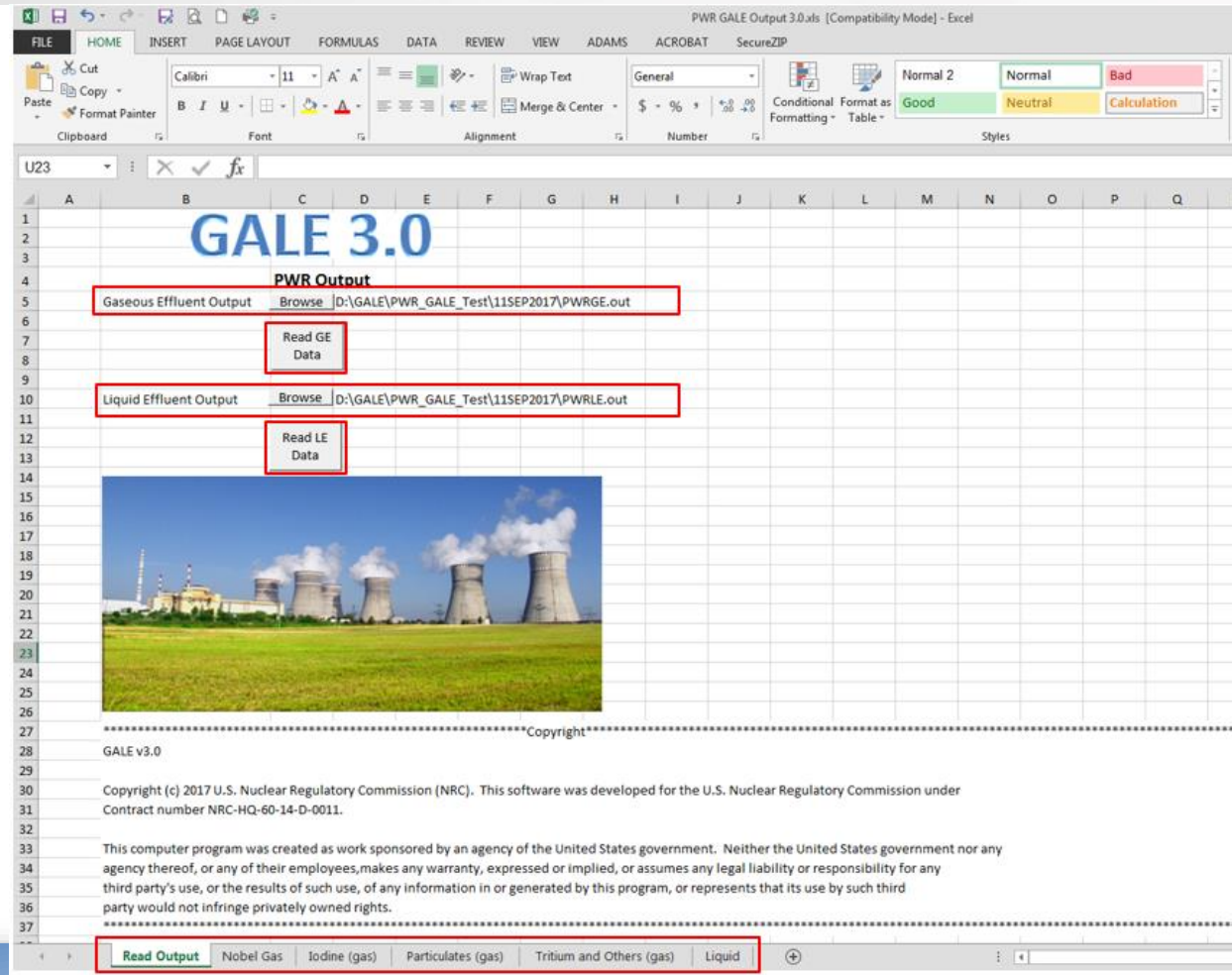
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GALE-PWR 3.0 Use

- PWR GALE Output 3.0.xls



GALE 3.0 (beta) Modeling Parameters



Modeling Parameters: Summary

- Summary of Differences GALE 86 to GALE 09
- Use of the fixed parameters files
 - BWRfixed-parameters.txt
 - PWRfixed-parameters.txt

GALE-BWR 86 to 09 Detail

Change #	GALE-BWR 86 to 09 Changes in Detail
1	Plant capacity factor was increased from 8.0E-01 to 9.0E-01 (80 to 90 percent).
2	Radioiodine release rates from various buildings during normal operations were increased by multiplying by 1.125E+00.
3	Radioiodine release rates from various buildings during extended shutdown were decreased by multiplying by 5.0E-01.
4	Carbon-14 release rate was decreased from 9.5E+00 Ci/yr to 1.07E+01 Ci/yr.
5	Unexpected release rate was decreased from 1.0E-01 Ci/yr to 1.4E-02 Ci/yr.

GALE-PWR 86 to 09 Detail

Change #	GALE-PWR 86 to 09 Changes in Detail
1	Plant capacity factor was increased from 8.0E-01 to 9.0E-01 (80 to 90 percent).
2	Tritium release rate was decreased from 4.0E-01 Ci/yr/MWt to 2.7E-01 Ci/yr/MWt
3	Argon-41 release rate was decreased from 3.4E+01 Ci/yr to 6.0E+00 Ci/yr
4	Carbon-14 release rate was decreased from 7.3E+00 Ci/yr to 5.9E+00 Ci/yr.
5	Unexpected release rate was decreased from 1.6E-01 Ci/yr to 1.6E-04 Ci/yr.
6	Condensate demineralizer DF for "Other Radionuclides" was changed from 5.0E+01 to 1.0E+01

Modeling Parameters: BWRfixed-parameters.txt

- Table 4-63 from NUREG-0016, Revision 2 (Draft)

Table 4-63 BWRfixed-parameters.txt file modifiable parameters

Code Line	Parameter	Location in GALE-BWR Code	Default Values ^a	
3.1	Plant Capacity Factor (fraction)	GE & LE	8.0E-01	
3.2	Radionuclide Concentration in Reactor Coolant and Main Steam ($\mu\text{Ci/g}$)	GE	Noble gases in reactor main steam	See Table 4-51
		GE	Noble gases in reactor water	See Table 4-51
		LE	Halogens, Cs & Rb, and Other Nuclides in reactor water	See Table 4-51
3.3	Noble Gas, Radioiodine, and Particulate Releases from Building Ventilation Systems Prior to Treatment	GE	Noble Gas Releases (Ci/yr)	See Table 4-2
			Particulate Releases ($\mu\text{Ci/yr}$)	See Table 4-2
			Radioiodine Releases ($\text{Ci/yr}/\mu\text{Ci/g}$)	Reactor Building See Table 4-5
				Turbine Building See Table 4-4
				Radwaste Building See Table 4-6
3.4	Radioiodine Input Rate to Main Condenser Offgas System (Ci/yr)	GE	6.0E+00	
3.5	Main Condenser Vacuum Pump Release	GE	Xe-133 (Ci/yr)	1.3E+03
			Xe-135 (Ci/yr)	5.0E+02
			I-131 normal operations ($\text{Ci/yr}/\mu\text{Ci/g}$)	4.9E+02
			I-131 shutdown ($\text{Ci/yr}/\mu\text{Ci/g}$)	1.1E+03

^a The default values are from Section 4.1.1 (reference [3]) and Section 4.2.1 (reference [7]).



Modeling Parameters: BWRfixed-parameters.txt

- Table 4-63 from NUREG-0016, Revision 2 (Draft)

Table 4-63 BWRfixed-parameters.txt file modifiable parameters (cont.)

Code Line	Parameter	Location in GALE-BWR Code	Default <u>Values</u> ^a	
3.7	Cryogenic Distillation System	GE	PC for <u>Xe</u> and I	1.0E-04
			PC for Kr	2.5E-04
			Holdup time (d)	9.0E+01
3.9	Annual Releases in Untreated Detergent Waste (<u>Ci/yr</u>)	LE	See Table 4-30	
3.10	Tritium Releases	GE & LE	Tritium activity in primary coolant (<u>μCi/g</u>)	1.0E-02
			Total tritium release (<u>Ci/yr/Mwt</u>)	3.0E-02
			Maximum fraction of tritium released through liquid pathway	5.0E-01
			Fraction of gaseous tritium released from turbine building	5.0E-01
3.11	Argon-41 Release (<u>Ci/yr</u>)	GE	Dynamic adsorption coefficient for ambient temperature systems	6.4E+00
			Dynamic adsorption coefficient for chilled temperature systems	1.6E+01
3.12	Carbon-14 Releases (<u>Ci/yr</u>)	GE	9.5E+00	
3.13	Source Term Adjustments for AOOs (<u>Ci/yr</u>)	LE	1.0E-01	
^a The default values are from Section 4.1.1 (reference [3]) and Section 4.2.1 (reference [7]).				

Modeling Parameters: BWRfixed-parameters.txt

- Example File

```

BWRfixed-parameters1.txt - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help
$user
!3.1 Plant Capacity Factor (GE and LE)
! value from Section 2.2.2 of NUREG-0016, Revision 1 (GALE86 Code)
PF_user=0.9 !Plant Capacity Factor (fraction)

!3.3 Noble Gas, Radioiodine, and Particulate Releases from Building Ventilation Systems Prior to Treatment (GE)
!Radioiodine release from Ventilation Systems Prior to Treatment (in Ci/yr/microcurie/g)
!(Assuming 90% capacity factor. will be adjusted based on actual capacity factor)
! Values from Section 2.2.4 (Tables 2-8 through 2-9) of NUREG-0016, Revision 1 (GALE86 Code)
!Reactor Building Turbine Building Radwaste Building
RN_user(1)=1.3800E+01, RNT_user(1)=4.3000E+03, RNR_user(1)=5.2000E+00 !I-131 during operation
RN_user(2)=1.3800E+01, RNT_user(2)=4.3000E+03, RNR_user(2)=5.2000E+00 !I-133 during operation
RNS_user(1)=2.6000E+00, RNTS_user(1)=2.1000E+02, RNRS_user(1)=7.0000E-01 !I-131 during shutdown
RNS_user(2)=2.6000E+00, RNTS_user(2)=2.1000E+02, RNRS_user(2)=7.0000E-01 !I-133 during shutdown

!3.5 Main Condenser Vacuum Pump Release (GE)
! Values from Section 2.2.7 and Table 2-26 of NUREG-0016, Revision 1 (GALE86 Code)
VPR_user(10)=1300.0 !Ci/yr Xe-133
VPR_user(12)=500.0 !Ci/yr Xe-133
RNMVP_user(1)=550.0 !Ci/yr/microCurie/g I-131(normal operations assuming 90% capacity. will be adjusted for actual capacity factor)
RNMVP_user(2)=550.0 !Ci/yr/microCurie/g I-133(normal operations assuming 90% capacity. will be adjusted for actual capacity factor)
RNMVPS_user(1)=550.0 !Ci/yr/microCurie/g I-131(shutdown assuming 90% capacity. will be adjusted for actual capacity factor)
RNMVPS_user(2)=550.0 !Ci/yr/microCurie/g I-133(shutdown assuming 90% capacity. will be adjusted for actual capacity factor)

!3.13 Source Term Adjustments for Anticipated Operational Occurrences (LE)
! values from Section 2.2.20 of NUREG-0016, Revision 1 (GALE86 Code)
AOIfixed_user=0.014 !adjustment is made to liquid radwaste source terms to account for A00 (ci/yr)

$end
  
```

Modeling Parameters: PWRfixed-parameters.txt

- Table 4-62 from NUREG-0017, Revision 2 (Draft)

Table 4-62 PWRfixed-parameters.txt file modifiable parameters

Code Line	Parameter	Location in GALE-PWR Code	Default Values ^a		
3.1	Plant Capacity Factor (fraction)	GE & LE	8.0E-01		
3.2	Coolant and Main Steam Radionuclide Concentration ($\mu\text{Ci/g}$)	GE	Once-Through Steam Generator (noble gases & halogens)	See Table 4-43	
		GE	U-tube Steam Generator (noble gases & halogens)	See Table 4-42	
		LE	Primary and Secondary Coolant	See Table 4-42	
3.3	Radioiodine release from Ventilation Systems Prior to Treatment ($\text{Ci/yr}/\mu\text{Ci/g}$)	GE	Containment	Normal Operation	8.0E-06
				Shutdown	3.2E-01
			Auxiliary Building	Normal Operation	6.8E-01
				Shutdown	2.5E+00
			Fuel Handling Building	Normal Operation	3.8E-02
				Shutdown	9.3E-02
			Turbine Building	Normal Operation	3.8E+03
				Shutdown	4.2E+02

^a The default values are from Section 4.1.1 (reference [3]) and Section 4.2.1 (reference [7]).

Modeling Parameters: PWRfixed-parameters.txt

- Table 4-62 from NUREG-0017, Revision 2 (Draft)

Table 4-62 PWRfixed-parameters.txt file modifiable parameters (cont.)

Code Line	Parameter	Location in GALE-PWR Code	Default Values ^a	
3.4	Particulate release from Ventilation Systems Prior to Treatment (Ci/yr for each radionuclide)	GE	Containment	See Table 4-8
			Auxiliary Building	See Table 4-8
			Fuel Pool Area	See Table 4-8
			Waste Gas System	See Table 4-8
3.5	Noble Gas Releases from Building Ventilation Systems	GE	Primary coolant leakage to auxiliary building (lb/d)	1.6E+02
			Steam leakage to turbine building (lb/d)	1.7E+03
			Primary Coolant noble gas inventory leakage to containment building (fraction/d)	3.0E-02
3.6	Containment Building Purge Frequency	GE & LE	2.0E+00	
3.7	Primary System Volumes Degassed per Year	GE	2.0E+00	
3.8	Steam Generator Partition Coefficient	LE	Nonvolatile PC for U-tube Steam Generator	5.0E-03
			Radioiodine PC for U-tube Steam Generator	1.0E-02
			Nonvolatile PC for Once-through Steam Generator	1.0E+00
			Radioiodine PC for Once-through Steam Generator	1.0E+00
3.9	Radioiodine Releases from the Air Ejector Exhaust Prior to Treatment (Ci/yr/pCi/g)	GE	1.7E+03	
3.10	Containment Internal Cleanup System	GE	System operation time (h)	1.6E+01
			System mixing efficiency (fraction)	7.0E-01
			System particulate DF	1.0E+02
3.11	Annual Releases in Untreated Detergent Waste (Ci/yr)	LE	See Table 4-21	

^a The default values are from Section 4.1.1 (reference [3]) and Section 4.2.1 (reference [7]).



Modeling Parameters: PWRfixed-parameters.txt

- Table 4-62 from NUREG-0017, Revision 2 (Draft)

Table 4-62 PWRfixed-parameters.txt file modifiable parameters (cont.)

Code Line	Parameter	Location in GALE-PWR Code	Default Values ^a
3.12	Tritium Releases	GE & LE	Tritium activity in primary coolant (μCi/yr) 1.0E+00
			Total tritium release (Ci/yr/Mwt) 4.0E-01
			Maximum fraction of tritium released through liquid pathway 9.0E-01
3.13	Argon-41 Release (Ci/yr)	GE	3.4E+01
3.14	Carbon-14 Release (Ci/yr)	GE	7.3E+00
3.15	DFs for Condensate Demineralizers	LE	Anion DF for Condensate Demineralizers 1.0E+01
			Other Nuclide DF for Condensate Demineralizers 1.0E+01
			Cs DF for Condensate Demineralizers 2.0E+00
3.17	Releases of Radioactive Material in Liquid Waste from the Turbine Building Floor Drain System (gal/d)	LE	7.2E+03
3.19	Source Term Adjustments for AOOs (Ci/yr)	LE	1.6E-01

^a The default values are from Section 4.1.1 (reference [3]) and Section 4.2.1 (reference [7]).

Modeling Parameters: PWRfixed-parameters.txt

- Example File

```

PWRfixed-parameters1.txt - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help

$user
!3.1 Plant Capacity Factor (GE and LE)
! value from Section 2.2.2 of NUREG-0017, Revision 1 (GALE86 Code)
PF_user=0.9 !Plant Capacity Factor (fraction)

!3.2 Coolant and Main Steam Radionuclide Concentrations (GE and LE)
! GE noble gas and iodine concentrations in reactor coolant and main steam (micro curies/g)
! values from Table 6 of ANSI/ANS-18.1-1984( GALE86 Code)
! U-Tube Steam Generator
! Reactor Coolant Main Steam
XPlu_user(6)=8.0E-02, XP2u_user(6)=1.5E-08 ! XE-133M

! 3.4 Particulate release from Ventilation Systems Prior to Treatment (GE)
!(in micro-Ci/yr)
! values from Section 2.2.5 (Table 2-17) of NUREG-0017, Revision 1 (GALE86 Code)
! Containment Building Auxiliary Building Fuel Pool Area Waste Gas System
PCBP_user(8)=6.2E-03, PAXBP_user(8)=2.9E-04, PFHBP_user(8)=8.0E-04, PGWS_user(8)=1.7E-05 ! SR-90

!3.9 Radioiodine Releases from the Air Ejector Exhaust Prior to Treatment (GE)
! values from Section 2.2.8 (Table 2-22) of NUREG-0017, Revision 1 (GALE86 Code)
EJtfixed_user = 2300.0 !Ci/yr/pci/g

!3.13 Argon-41 Release (GE)
! value from Section 2.2.26 of NUREG-0017, Revision 1 (GALE86 Code)
Ar41_user=16.0 !ci/yr

!3.14 Carbon-14 Release (GE)
! value from Section 2.2.25 of NUREG-0017, Revision 1 (GALE86 Code)
C14_user=5.9 !ci/yr

!3.19 Source Term Adjustments for Anticipated Operational Occurrences (LE)
! values from Section 2.2.23 of NUREG-0017, Revision 1 (GALE86 Code)
AOIfixed_user = 0.00016 !adjustment is made to liquid radwaste source terms to account for AOO (Ci/yr)

$end
  
```

Modified Parameters

15 Minute Break



GALE 3.0 (beta) Sample Problems



Sample Problems: Summary

- PWR Sample Problem
- BWR Sample Problem



PWR Sample Problem Information:

Basic Plant Information

Parameter	Value
Thermal power level	3400 MW(th)
Mass of coolant in primary system	550 thousand lbs
Primary system letdown rate	75 gal/min
Letdown cation demineralizer flow rate	7.5 gal/min
Number of steam generators	4
Total steam flow	15 million lbs/hr
Mass of liquid in each steam generator	112.5 thousand lbs
Steam generator blowdown treatment method	Recycled after treatment
Type of steam generator	U-Tube
Blowdown rate	75 thousand lbs/hr
Condensate demineralizer regeneration time	8.4 days
Fraction of feedwater through condensate demineralizers	0.65

PWR Sample Problem Information:

Liquid Waste – Shim Bleed

Parameter	Value
Flow rate	1440 gal/day
Iodine Decontamination Factor	5×10^3
Cs and Rb Decontamination Factor	2×10^3
Other Decontamination Factor	1×10^5
Waste collection time prior to processing	22.6 days
Waste processing and discharge times	0.93 days
Average fraction of wastes to be discharged after processing	0.1

PWR Sample Problem Information:

Liquid Waste – Equipment Drain Waste

Parameter	Value
Flow rate	330 gal/day
Activity of Inlet Stream	0.97 fraction of PCA
Iodine Decontamination Factor	5×10^3
Cs and Rb Decontamination Factor	2×10^3
Other Decontamination Factor	1×10^5
Waste collection time prior to processing	22.6 days
Waste processing and discharge times	0.93 days
Average fraction of wastes to be discharged after processing	0.1

PWR Sample Problem Information:

Liquid Waste – Clean Waste

Parameter	Value
Flow rate	980 gal/day
Activity of Inlet Stream	0.093 fraction of PCA
Iodine Decontamination Factor	5×10^2
Cs and Rb Decontamination Factor	1×10^3
Other Decontamination Factor	1×10^4
Waste collection time prior to processing	5.7 days
Waste processing and discharge times	0.13 days
Average fraction of wastes to be discharged after processing	0.1

PWR Sample Problem Information:

Liquid Waste – Dirty Waste

Parameter	Value
Flow rate	2100 gal/day
Activity of Inlet Stream	0.001 fraction of PCA
Iodine Decontamination Factor	5×10^2
Cs and Rb Decontamination Factor	1×10^3
Other Decontamination Factor	1×10^4
Waste collection time prior to processing	3.8 days
Waste processing and discharge times	0.19 days
Average fraction of wastes to be discharged after processing	1.0

PWR Sample Problem Information:

Liquid Waste – Blowdown Waste

Parameter	Value
Fraction of Steam Processed	1
Iodine Decontamination Factor	5×10^2
Cs and Rb Decontamination Factor	1×10^3
Other Decontamination Factor	1×10^4
Waste collection time prior to processing	0 days
Waste processing and discharge times	0 days
Average fraction of wastes to be discharged after processing	0

PWR Sample Problem Information:

Liquid Waste – Regenerant Waste

Parameter	Value
Flow rate	3400 gal/day
Iodine Decontamination Factor	5×10^2
Cs and Rb Decontamination Factor	1×10^3
Other Decontamination Factor	1×10^4
Waste collection time prior to processing	4.7 days
Waste processing and discharge times	0.37 days
Average fraction of wastes to be discharged after processing	0.1

PWR Sample Problem Information:

Liquid Waste – Laundry

Parameter	Value
Detergent Waste Partition Factor	1

PWR Sample Problem Information:

Gaseous Waste – Building Vents

Parameter	Value
Waste Gas particulate release •HEPA?	Yes
Fuel Handling building •Charcoal adsorbers? •HEPA?	Yes 90% efficient Yes
Auxiliary Building •Charcoal adsorbers? •HEPA?	Yes 90% efficient No
Containment Building •Charcoal adsorbers? •HEPA? •Free volume •Flow rate through internal cleanup system	No No 2.715 million ft ³ 0 ft ³ /min

PWR Sample Problem Information:

Gaseous Waste – Containment Purges

Parameter	Value
Containment large volume purge	
•Charcoal adsorbers?	Yes 90% efficient
•HEPA?	Yes
•Number of purges per year	2 at shutdown
Containment low volume purge	
•Charcoal adsorbers?	Yes 90% efficient
•HEPA?	Yes
•Continuous purge rate	1000 ft ³ /min

PWR Sample Problem Information:

Gaseous Waste – Misc.

Parameter	Value
Letdown System	Continuous degasification of full letdown flow
Holdup time for Xe stripped from primary coolant	60 days
Holdup time for Kr stripped from primary coolant	3.54 days
Fill time of decay tanks for gas stripper	0 days
Fraction of iodine released from blowdown tank vent	0.0
Fraction of iodine released from air ejector release	0.0

BWR Sample Problem Information:

Basic Plant Information

Parameter	Value
Thermal power level	3400 MW(th)
Total steam flow	15 million lbs/hr
Mass of water in reactor vessel	0.38 million lbs
Cleanup demineralizer flow	0.13 million lbs/hr
Condensate demineralizer regeneration time	56 days
Copper tubing for condenser	No
Fraction of feedwater through condensate demineralizers	1.0

BWR Sample Problem Information:

Liquid Waste – High Purity Waste

Parameter	Value
Flow rate	28640 gal/day
Activity of Inlet Stream	0.15 fraction of PCA
Iodine Decontamination Factor	1×10^3
Cs and Rb Decontamination Factor	1×10^2
Other Decontamination Factor	1×10^3
Waste collection time prior to processing	1 days
Waste processing and discharge times	0.07 days
Average fraction of wastes to be discharged after processing	0.01

BWR Sample Problem Information:

Liquid Waste – Low Purity Waste

Parameter	Value
Flow rate	5700 gal/day
Activity of Inlet Stream	0.13 fraction of PCA
Iodine Decontamination Factor	1×10^3
Cs and Rb Decontamination Factor	1×10^4
Other Decontamination Factor	1×10^4
Waste collection time prior to processing	3.1 days
Waste processing and discharge times	0.6 days
Average fraction of wastes to be discharged after processing	1.0

BWR Sample Problem Information:

Liquid Waste – Chemical Waste

Parameter	Value
Flow rate	600 gal/day
Activity of Inlet Stream	0.02 fraction of PCA
Iodine Decontamination Factor	1×10^3
Cs and Rb Decontamination Factor	1×10^4
Other Decontamination Factor	1×10^4
Waste collection time prior to processing	3.1 days
Waste processing and discharge times	0.6 days
Average fraction of wastes to be discharged after processing	1.0

BWR Sample Problem Information:

Liquid Waste – Regenerant Waste

Parameter	Value
Flow rate	1700 gal/day
Iodine Decontamination Factor	1×10^4
Cs and Rb Decontamination Factor	1×10^5
Other Decontamination Factor	1×10^5
Waste collection time prior to processing	9.4 days
Waste processing and discharge times	0.44 days
Average fraction of wastes to be discharged after processing	1.0

BWR Sample Problem Information:

Liquid Waste – Laundry

Parameter	Value
Detergent Waste Partition Factor	1

BWR Sample Problem Information:

Gaseous Waste – Building Vents

Parameter	Value
Containment Building •Charcoal adsorbers? •HEPA?	Yes 90% efficient Yes
Auxiliary building •Charcoal adsorbers? •HEPA?	No No
Radwaste Building •Charcoal adsorbers? •HEPA?	No Yes
Turbine Building •Charcoal adsorbers? •HEPA?	No No

BWR Sample Problem Information:

Gaseous Waste – Turbine Systems

Parameter	Value
Gland Seal •Gland seal steam flow •Gland seal holdup time •Fraction iodine release from condenser vent	0.0 lbs/hr 0 hrs 0
Air Ejector Offgas •Air Ejector holdup time •Fraction iodine released from air ejector vent •Charcoal delays system? •Kr dynamic adsorption coefficient •Xe dynamic adsorption coefficient •Mass of charcoal	0.167 hrs 1.0 Yes 105 cm ³ /g 2410 cm ³ /g 48 thousand lbs

Users Group



Users Group

- GALE Website Demonstration
- GALE Training
 - GALE training will be available at annual RAMP users group meeting to RAMP members
 - Onsite training is available under contract
- Member Presentations
 - As membership grows, members are encouraged to give presentations of activities with GALE at RAMP users group meeting
- Technical Support
 - Limited technical support is available to RAMP members by e-mailing
 - kenneth.geelhood@pnnl.gov
 - david.colameco@pnnl.gov



New GALE Website

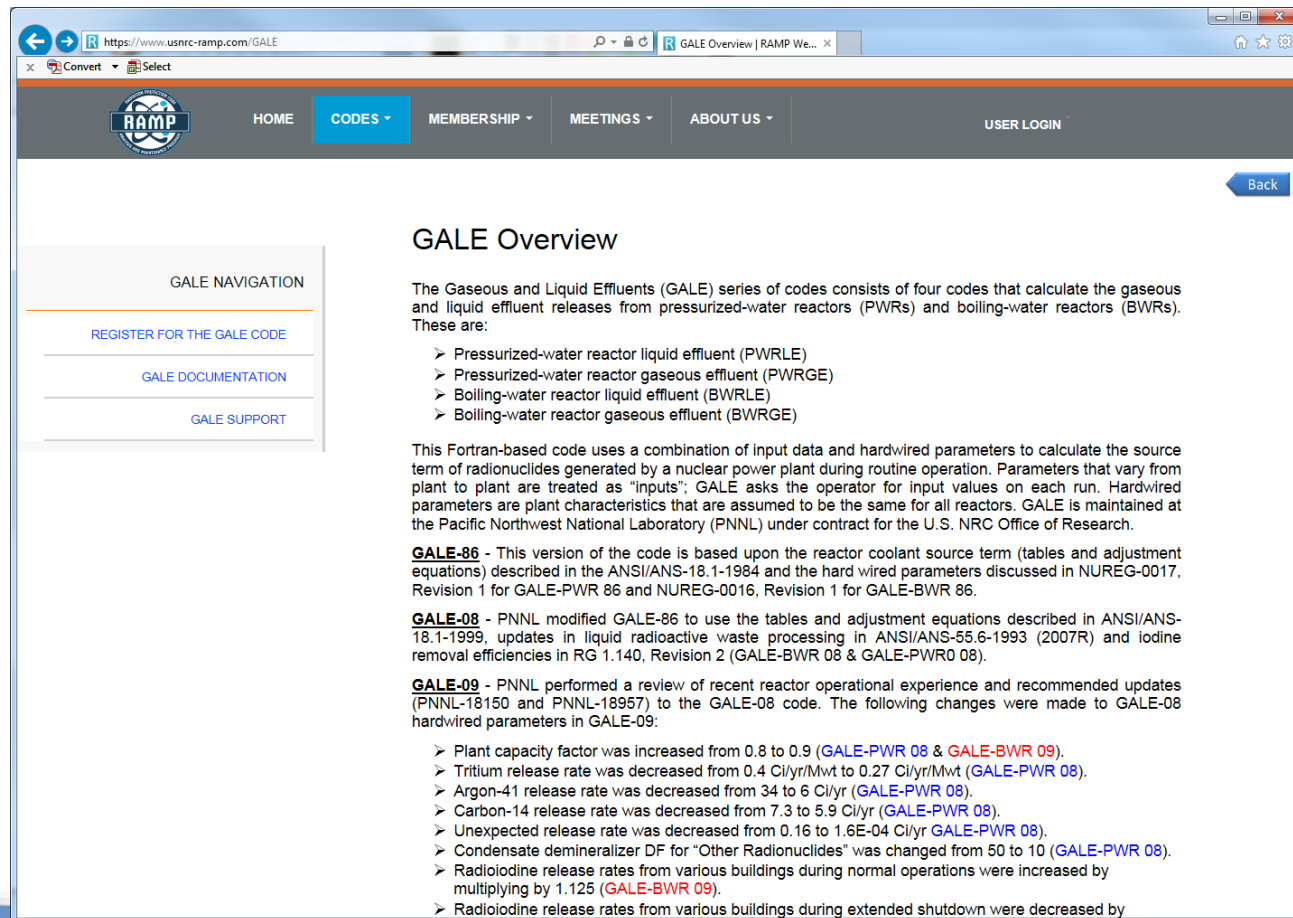


GALE Website

- Main Welcome Page
 - Download the GALE Code
 - GALE Documentation
 - Technical Documents
 - User's Guide
 - Code Change Logs
 - SQAP - V&V Testing
 - GALE Training and Presentation Materials
 - GALE Support
 - Forum
 - FAQ

GALE Website Main Welcome Page

- GALE Website <https://www.usnrc-ramp.com/GALE>



The screenshot shows a web browser window displaying the GALE website. The address bar shows the URL <https://www.usnrc-ramp.com/GALE>. The website has a dark blue header with the RAMP logo and navigation links: HOME, CODES, MEMBERSHIP, MEETINGS, ABOUT US, and USER LOGIN. A 'Back' button is visible in the top right corner of the content area.

GALE Overview

The Gaseous and Liquid Effluents (GALE) series of codes consists of four codes that calculate the gaseous and liquid effluent releases from pressurized-water reactors (PWRs) and boiling-water reactors (BWRs). These are:

- Pressurized-water reactor liquid effluent (PWRLE)
- Pressurized-water reactor gaseous effluent (PWRGE)
- Boiling-water reactor liquid effluent (BWRLE)
- Boiling-water reactor gaseous effluent (BWRGE)

This Fortran-based code uses a combination of input data and hardwired parameters to calculate the source term of radionuclides generated by a nuclear power plant during routine operation. Parameters that vary from plant to plant are treated as "inputs"; GALE asks the operator for input values on each run. Hardwired parameters are plant characteristics that are assumed to be the same for all reactors. GALE is maintained at the Pacific Northwest National Laboratory (PNNL) under contract for the U.S. NRC Office of Research.

GALE-86 - This version of the code is based upon the reactor coolant source term (tables and adjustment equations) described in the ANSI/ANS-18.1-1984 and the hard wired parameters discussed in NUREG-0017, Revision 1 for GALE-PWR 86 and NUREG-0016, Revision 1 for GALE-BWR 86.

GALE-08 - PNNL modified GALE-86 to use the tables and adjustment equations described in ANSI/ANS-18.1-1999, updates in liquid radioactive waste processing in ANSI/ANS-55.6-1993 (2007R) and iodine removal efficiencies in RG 1.140, Revision 2 (GALE-BWR 08 & GALE-PWR 08).

GALE-09 - PNNL performed a review of recent reactor operational experience and recommended updates (PNNL-18150 and PNNL-18957) to the GALE-08 code. The following changes were made to GALE-08 hardwired parameters in GALE-09:

- Plant capacity factor was increased from 0.8 to 0.9 (GALE-PWR 08 & GALE-BWR 09).
- Tritium release rate was decreased from 0.4 Ci/yr/Mwt to 0.27 Ci/yr/Mwt (GALE-PWR 08).
- Argon-41 release rate was decreased from 34 to 6 Ci/yr (GALE-PWR 08).
- Carbon-14 release rate was decreased from 7.3 to 5.9 Ci/yr (GALE-PWR 08).
- Unexpected release rate was decreased from 0.16 to 1.6E-04 Ci/yr (GALE-PWR 08).
- Condensate demineralizer DF for "Other Radionuclides" was changed from 50 to 10 (GALE-PWR 08).
- Radiiodine release rates from various buildings during normal operations were increased by multiplying by 1.125 (GALE-BWR 09).
- Radiiodine release rates from various buildings during extended shutdown were decreased by

GALE Website Main Welcome Page

- GALE Website <https://www.usnrc-ramp.com/GALE>

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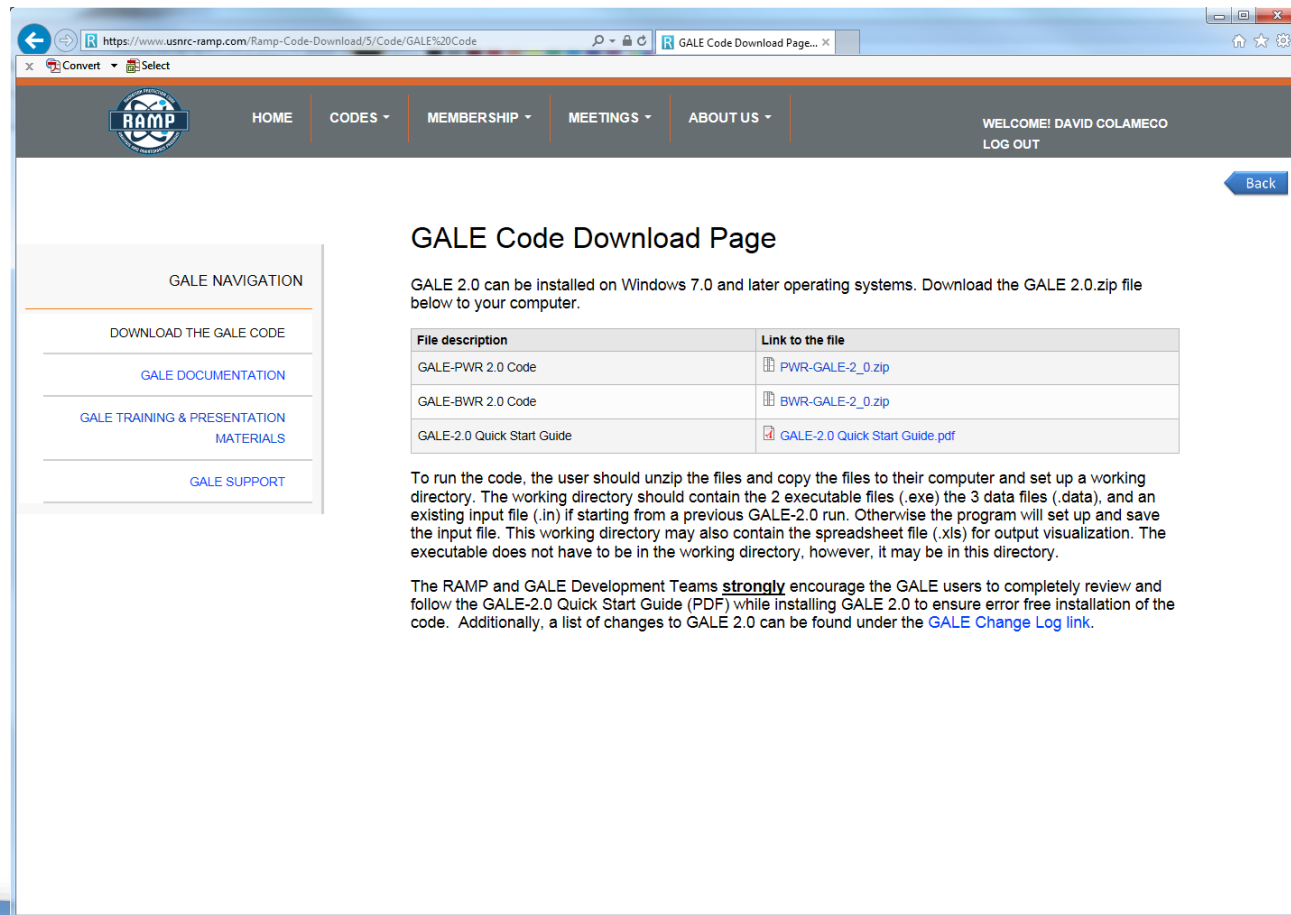
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GALE Website Download Code

- GALE Website <https://www.usnrc-ramp.com/Ramp-Code-Download/5/Code/GALE%20Code>



The screenshot shows a web browser window displaying the GALE Code Download Page. The URL in the address bar is <https://www.usnrc-ramp.com/Ramp-Code-Download/5/Code/GALE%20Code>. The page features a navigation bar with links for HOME, CODES, MEMBERSHIP, MEETINGS, and ABOUT US. A welcome message for David Colameco and a LOG OUT link are also present. A sidebar on the left contains a GALE NAVIGATION menu with links for DOWNLOAD THE GALE CODE, GALE DOCUMENTATION, GALE TRAINING & PRESENTATION MATERIALS, and GALE SUPPORT. The main content area is titled "GALE Code Download Page" and includes a paragraph stating that GALE 2.0 can be installed on Windows 7.0 and later operating systems. Below this is a table with two columns: "File description" and "Link to the file". The table lists three items: GALE-PWR 2.0 Code, GALE-BWR 2.0 Code, and GALE-2.0 Quick Start Guide. A paragraph below the table explains the installation process, and another paragraph encourages users to review the GALE-2.0 Quick Start Guide (PDF) while installing GALE 2.0 to ensure error-free installation.

GALE Code Download Page

GALE 2.0 can be installed on Windows 7.0 and later operating systems. Download the GALE 2.0.zip file below to your computer.

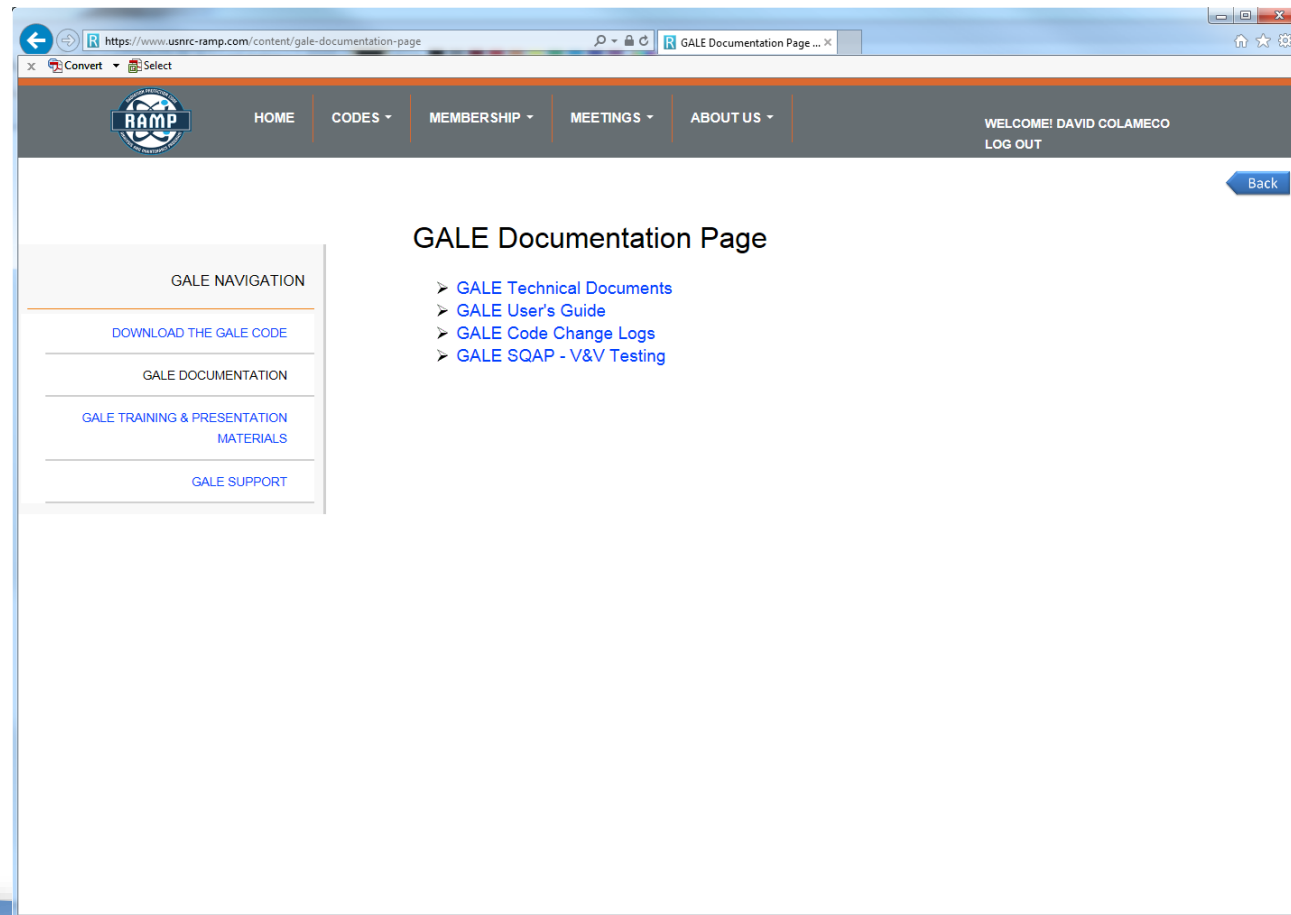
File description	Link to the file
GALE-PWR 2.0 Code	PWR-GALE-2_0.zip
GALE-BWR 2.0 Code	BWR-GALE-2_0.zip
GALE-2.0 Quick Start Guide	GALE-2.0 Quick Start Guide.pdf

To run the code, the user should unzip the files and copy the files to their computer and set up a working directory. The working directory should contain the 2 executable files (.exe) the 3 data files (.data), and an existing input file (.in) if starting from a previous GALE-2.0 run. Otherwise the program will set up and save the input file. This working directory may also contain the spreadsheet file (.xls) for output visualization. The executable does not have to be in the working directory, however, it may be in this directory.

The RAMP and GALE Development Teams **strongly** encourage the GALE users to completely review and follow the GALE-2.0 Quick Start Guide (PDF) while installing GALE 2.0 to ensure error free installation of the code. Additionally, a list of changes to GALE 2.0 can be found under the [GALE Change Log link](#).

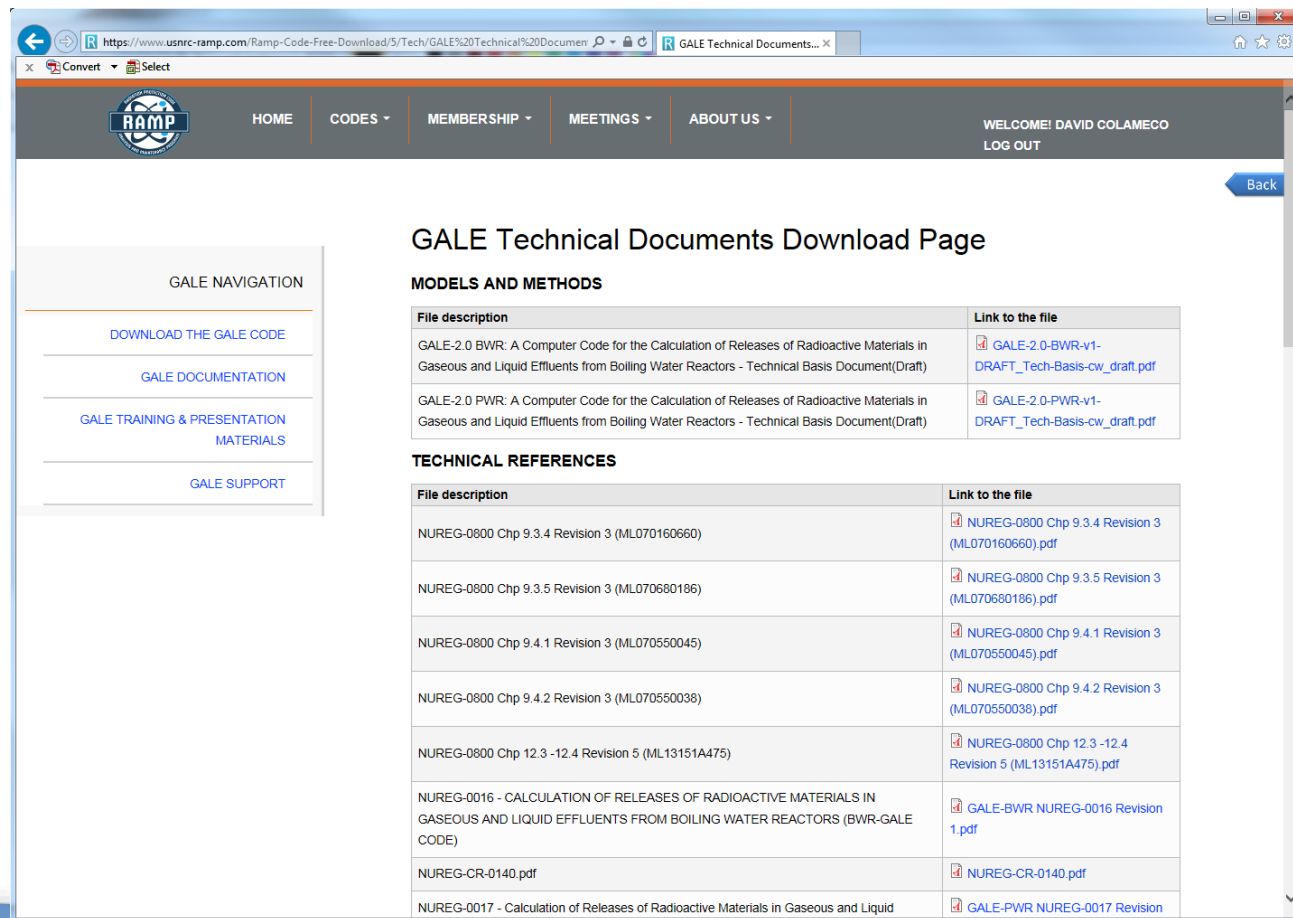
GALE Website Documentation Page

- GALE Website <https://www.usnrc-ramp.com/content/gale-documentation-page>



GALE Website Documentation Page

- GALE Website <https://www.usnrc-ramp.com/Ramp-Code-Free-Download/5/Tech/GALE%20Technical%20Documents>



The screenshot shows a web browser window displaying the GALE Technical Documents Download Page. The page has a navigation bar with links: HOME, CODES, MEMBERSHIP, MEETINGS, and ABOUT US. A welcome message for David Colameco is visible. On the left, there is a 'GALE NAVIGATION' sidebar with links: DOWNLOAD THE GALE CODE, GALE DOCUMENTATION, GALE TRAINING & PRESENTATION MATERIALS, and GALE SUPPORT. The main content area is titled 'GALE Technical Documents Download Page' and contains two sections: 'MODELS AND METHODS' and 'TECHNICAL REFERENCES'. Each section contains a table with file descriptions and links to the files.

GALE Technical Documents Download Page

MODELS AND METHODS

File description	Link to the file
GALE-2.0 BWR: A Computer Code for the Calculation of Releases of Radioactive Materials in Gaseous and Liquid Effluents from Boiling Water Reactors - Technical Basis Document(Draft)	GALE-2.0-BWR-v1-DRAFT_Tech-Basis-cw_draft.pdf
GALE-2.0 PWR: A Computer Code for the Calculation of Releases of Radioactive Materials in Gaseous and Liquid Effluents from Boiling Water Reactors - Technical Basis Document(Draft)	GALE-2.0-PWR-v1-DRAFT_Tech-Basis-cw_draft.pdf

TECHNICAL REFERENCES

File description	Link to the file
NUREG-0800 Chp 9.3.4 Revision 3 (ML070160660)	NUREG-0800 Chp 9.3.4 Revision 3 (ML070160660).pdf
NUREG-0800 Chp 9.3.5 Revision 3 (ML070680186)	NUREG-0800 Chp 9.3.5 Revision 3 (ML070680186).pdf
NUREG-0800 Chp 9.4.1 Revision 3 (ML070550045)	NUREG-0800 Chp 9.4.1 Revision 3 (ML070550045).pdf
NUREG-0800 Chp 9.4.2 Revision 3 (ML070550038)	NUREG-0800 Chp 9.4.2 Revision 3 (ML070550038).pdf
NUREG-0800 Chp 12.3 -12.4 Revision 5 (ML13151A475)	NUREG-0800 Chp 12.3 -12.4 Revision 5 (ML13151A475).pdf
NUREG-0016 - CALCULATION OF RELEASES OF RADIOACTIVE MATERIALS IN GASEOUS AND LIQUID EFFLUENTS FROM BOILING WATER REACTORS (BWR-GALE CODE)	GALE-BWR NUREG-0016 Revision 1.pdf
NUREG-CR-0140.pdf	NUREG-CR-0140.pdf
NUREG-0017 - Calculation of Releases of Radioactive Materials in Gaseous and Liquid	GALE-PWR NUREG-0017 Revision



GALE Website User Guide Page

- GALE Website <https://www.usnrc-ramp.com/Ramp-Code-Free-Download/5/Guide/GALE%20User%20Guide>

The screenshot shows a web browser window displaying the GALE User Guide Download Page. The browser's address bar shows the URL: <https://www.usnrc-ramp.com/Ramp-Code-Free-Download/5/Guide/GALE%20User%20Guide>. The website's header includes the RAMP logo, navigation links (HOME, CODES, MEMBERSHIP, MEETINGS, ABOUT US), and a user greeting: "WELCOME! DAVID COLAMECO LOG OUT". A "Back" button is visible in the top right corner of the page content area.

The main content area is titled "GALE User Guide Download Page". It features a table with two columns: "File description" and "Link to the file".

File description	Link to the file
GALE-2.0 BWR User's Guide(Draft)	GALE_2_0_BWR_Users_Guide(draft).pdf
GALE-2.0 PWR User's Guide(Draft)	GALE_2_0_PWR_Users_Guide(draft).pdf

On the left side of the page, there is a "GALE NAVIGATION" sidebar with the following links: "DOWNLOAD THE GALE CODE", "GALE DOCUMENTATION", "GALE TRAINING & PRESENTATION MATERIALS", and "GALE SUPPORT".

GALE Website Change Logs Page

- GALE Website <https://www.usnrc-ramp.com/content/gale-change-logs>

The screenshot shows a web browser window displaying the 'GALE Change Logs' page. The browser's address bar shows the URL 'https://www.usnrc-ramp.com/content/gale-change-logs'. The website's header includes a navigation menu with links for HOME, CODES, MEMBERSHIP, MEETINGS, and ABOUT US. A welcome message for 'DAVID COLAMECO' and a 'LOG OUT' link are also present. On the left side, there is a 'GALE NAVIGATION' sidebar with links for 'DOWNLOAD THE GALE CODE', 'GALE DOCUMENTATION', 'GALE TRAINING & PRESENTATION MATERIALS', and 'GALE SUPPORT'. The main content area is titled 'GALE Change Logs' and lists two change logs. The first is 'GALE 2.0 Change Log', released on June 30, 2015, with a 'Read more' link and a download link for a printer-friendly version of the change log summary. The second is 'GALE-09 - Internal Release for Testing', released on November 1, 2009, with a 'Read more' link and a download link for a printer-friendly version of the change log summary. The third is 'GALE-08 - Internal Release for Testing', released on June 4, 2008, with a 'Read more' link and a download link for a printer-friendly version of the change log summary. The RAMP logo is visible in the bottom left corner of the browser window.

GALE Change Logs

GALE 2.0 Change Log

Released June 30, 2015

GALE 2.0 Graphical User Interface (GUI):

[Read more](#)

[Download a printer friendly version of the change log summary](#)

GALE-09 - Internal Release for Testing

Released November 1, 2009

Boiling Water Reactor Gaseous Effluent (BWRGE) Subprogram:

[Read more](#)

[Download a printer friendly version of the change log summary](#)

GALE-08 - Internal Release for Testing

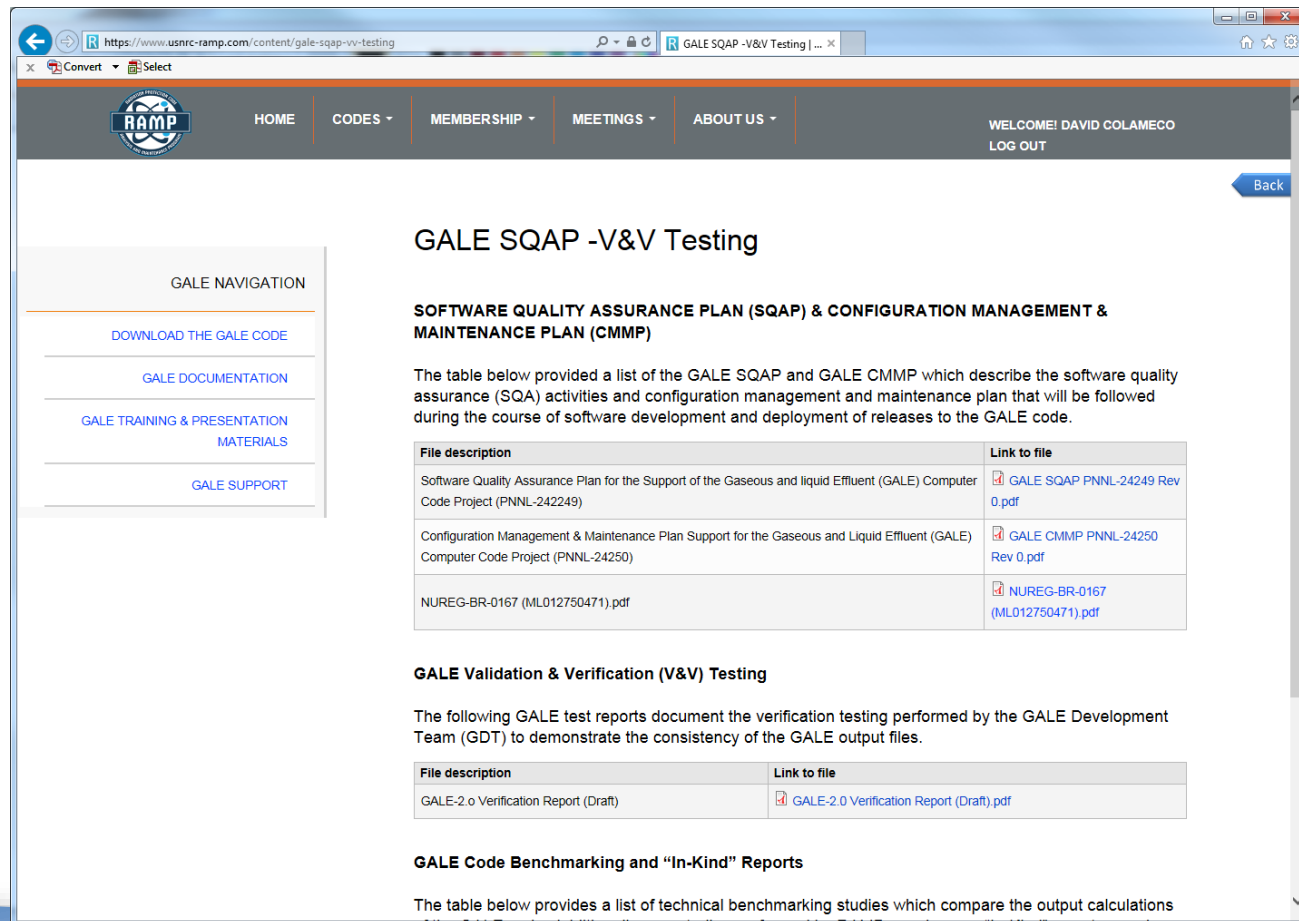
Released June 4, 2008

Boiling Water Reactor Gaseous Effluent (BWRGE) Subprogram:

[Read more](#)

GALE Website SQAP – V&V Page

- GALE Website <https://www.usnrc-ramp.com/content/gale-sqap-vv-testing>



The screenshot shows a web browser window displaying the GALE SQAP -V&V Testing page. The page has a navigation bar with links to HOME, CODES, MEMBERSHIP, MEETINGS, and ABOUT US. A welcome message for David Colameco is visible. On the left, there is a 'GALE NAVIGATION' sidebar with links to DOWNLOAD THE GALE CODE, GALE DOCUMENTATION, GALE TRAINING & PRESENTATION MATERIALS, and GALE SUPPORT. The main content area is titled 'GALE SQAP -V&V Testing' and contains a section for 'SOFTWARE QUALITY ASSURANCE PLAN (SQAP) & CONFIGURATION MANAGEMENT & MAINTENANCE PLAN (CMMP)'. This section includes a paragraph explaining the purpose of the SQAP and CMMP, followed by a table listing the files and their links. Below this, there is a section for 'GALE Validation & Verification (V&V) Testing' which includes a paragraph about the GALE test reports and another table listing the files and their links. At the bottom, there is a section for 'GALE Code Benchmarking and "In-Kind" Reports' which includes a paragraph about technical benchmarking studies.

GALE SQAP -V&V Testing

SOFTWARE QUALITY ASSURANCE PLAN (SQAP) & CONFIGURATION MANAGEMENT & MAINTENANCE PLAN (CMMP)

The table below provided a list of the GALE SQAP and GALE CMMP which describe the software quality assurance (SQA) activities and configuration management and maintenance plan that will be followed during the course of software development and deployment of releases to the GALE code.

File description	Link to file
Software Quality Assurance Plan for the Support of the Gaseous and liquid Effluent (GALE) Computer Code Project (PNNL-242249)	GALE SQAP PNNL-24249 Rev 0.pdf
Configuration Management & Maintenance Plan Support for the Gaseous and Liquid Effluent (GALE) Computer Code Project (PNNL-24250)	GALE CMMP PNNL-24250 Rev 0.pdf
NUREG-BR-0167 (ML012750471).pdf	NUREG-BR-0167 (ML012750471).pdf

GALE Validation & Verification (V&V) Testing

The following GALE test reports document the verification testing performed by the GALE Development Team (GDT) to demonstrate the consistency of the GALE output files.

File description	Link to file
GALE-2.0 Verification Report (Draft)	GALE-2.0 Verification Report (Draft).pdf

GALE Code Benchmarking and "In-Kind" Reports

The table below provides a list of technical benchmarking studies which compare the output calculations

GALE Website Training Page

- GALE Website <https://www.usnrc-ramp.com/gale-training-presentation-materials-download-page>

The screenshot shows a web browser window displaying the GALE Training & Presentation Materials Download Page. The browser's address bar shows the URL: <https://www.usnrc-ramp.com/gale-training-presentation-materials-download-page>. The website has a dark blue header with the RAMP logo on the left and navigation links (HOME, CODES, MEMBERSHIP, MEETINGS, ABOUT US) in the center. On the right side of the header, it says "WELCOME! DAVID COLAMECO" and "LOG OUT". Below the header, there is a "Back" button. The main content area is titled "GALE Training & Presentation Materials Download Page". Below the title, it says "GALE Training Presentations" and "These presentations can be used for self-study or reference." There is a table with two columns: "File description" and "Link to the file". The table lists two presentations: "May 2017 GALE Training" and "October 2015 GALE Training". On the left side of the page, there is a "GALE NAVIGATION" sidebar with links: "DOWNLOAD THE GALE CODE", "GALE DOCUMENTATION", "GALE TRAINING & PRESENTATION MATERIALS", and "GALE SUPPORT".

GALE NAVIGATION

- DOWNLOAD THE GALE CODE
- GALE DOCUMENTATION
- GALE TRAINING & PRESENTATION MATERIALS
- GALE SUPPORT

GALE Training & Presentation Materials Download Page

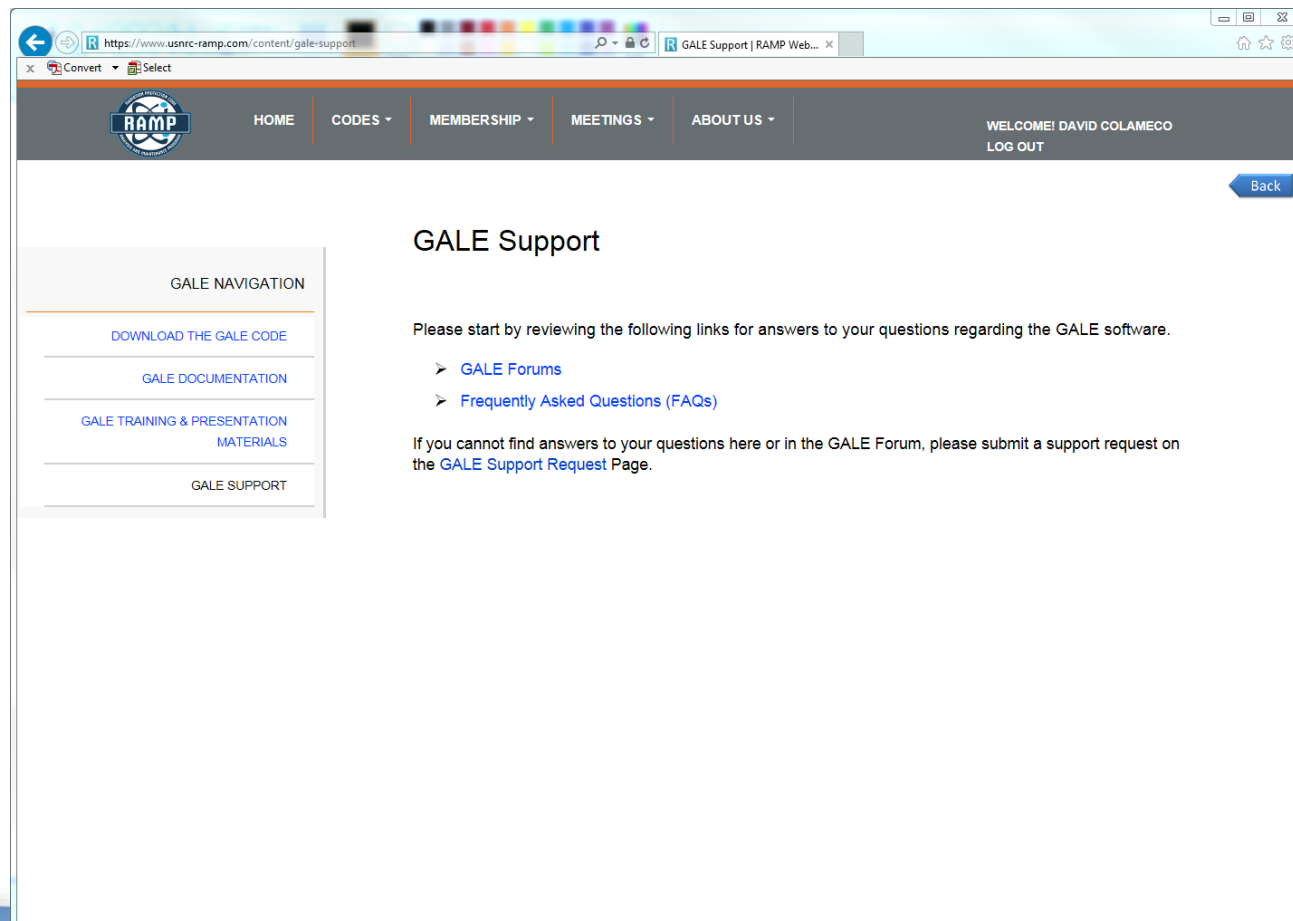
GALE Training Presentations

These presentations can be used for self-study or reference.

File description	Link to the file
May 2017 GALE Training	GALE Training (May 2017).pdf
October 2015 GALE Training	GALE Training (October 2015).pdf

GALE Website Support Page

- GALE Website <https://www.usnrc-ramp.com/gale-training-presentation-materials-download-page>



GALE Website Forum Page

- GALE Website <https://www.usnrc-ramp.com/gale-forum>

The screenshot shows the GALE Forum page on the RAMP website. The page has a dark header with the RAMP logo and navigation links: HOME, CODES, MEMBERSHIP, MEETINGS, and ABOUT US. A welcome message for David Colameco is displayed, along with a LOG OUT link. A 'Back' button is also present.

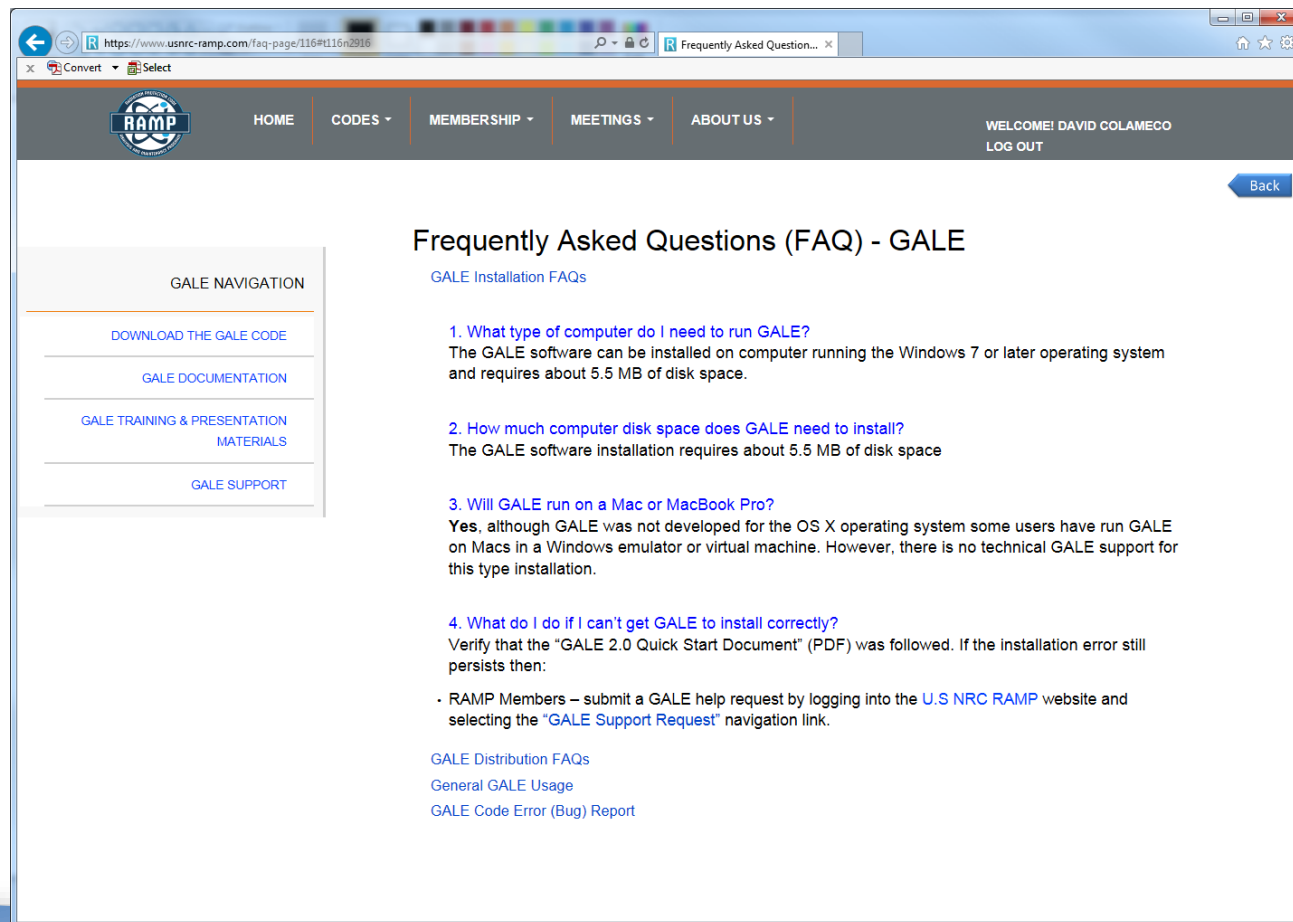
The main content area is titled 'GALE Forum' and includes a 'Subscribe to this forum' link and a message stating 'You are not allowed to post new content in the forum.' Below this is a table listing forum topics:

	Topic	Replies	Last reply
	General Usage Questions By admin 4 months 1 week ago	0	n/a
	Model Questions By admin 4 months 1 week ago	0	n/a
	Error (Bug) Reports By admin 4 months 1 week ago	0	n/a

On the left side of the page, there is a 'GALE NAVIGATION' section with links to 'DOWNLOAD THE GALE CODE', 'GALE DOCUMENTATION', 'GALE TRAINING & PRESENTATION MATERIALS', and 'GALE SUPPORT'.

GALE Website FAQ Page

- GALE Website <https://www.usnrc-ramp.com/faq-page/116#t116n2916>



The screenshot shows a web browser window displaying the GALE website's FAQ page. The browser's address bar shows the URL <https://www.usnrc-ramp.com/faq-page/116#t116n2916>. The website's navigation bar includes links for HOME, CODES, MEMBERSHIP, MEETINGS, and ABOUT US. A welcome message for David Colameco and a LOG OUT link are also present. A sidebar on the left titled "GALE NAVIGATION" contains links for DOWNLOAD THE GALE CODE, GALE DOCUMENTATION, GALE TRAINING & PRESENTATION MATERIALS, and GALE SUPPORT. The main content area is titled "Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ) - GALE" and lists four questions with their answers. The questions cover computer requirements, disk space, Mac compatibility, and installation troubleshooting. A "Back" button is visible in the top right corner of the content area.

GALE NAVIGATION

- DOWNLOAD THE GALE CODE
- GALE DOCUMENTATION
- GALE TRAINING & PRESENTATION MATERIALS
- GALE SUPPORT

Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ) - GALE

[GALE Installation FAQs](#)

- 1. What type of computer do I need to run GALE?**
The GALE software can be installed on computer running the Windows 7 or later operating system and requires about 5.5 MB of disk space.
- 2. How much computer disk space does GALE need to install?**
The GALE software installation requires about 5.5 MB of disk space.
- 3. Will GALE run on a Mac or MacBook Pro?**
Yes, although GALE was not developed for the OS X operating system some users have run GALE on Macs in a Windows emulator or virtual machine. However, there is no technical GALE support for this type installation.
- 4. What do I do if I can't get GALE to install correctly?**
Verify that the "GALE 2.0 Quick Start Document" (PDF) was followed. If the installation error still persists then:
 - RAMP Members – submit a GALE help request by logging into the [U.S NRC RAMP](#) website and selecting the "GALE Support Request" navigation link.

[GALE Distribution FAQs](#)
[General GALE Usage](#)
[GALE Code Error \(Bug\) Report](#)

ANS-18.1 Updates



ANS-18.1 Summary

- Scope and History of ANS-18.1
- Use of ANS-18.1 in GALE
- Restart of ANS-18.1 Working Group in 2015
 - Near term plans
 - Long term plans

Scope and History of ANS-18.1

- Scope
 - Provides primary and secondary coolant concentrations of various radionuclides
 - Provides methodology to scale nuclide concentrations based on reactor parameters
- History
 - ANS-18.1 (1984) – used in GALE86
 - ANS-18.1 (1999) – used in GALE08 and GALE09
 - ANS-18.1 (1984, 1999, 2016) used in GALE 3.0 as chosen by user
 - Standard considered delinquent after 10 years with no update or reaffirmation



Use of ANS-18.1 in GALE

- Nuclide concentrations for ANS-18.1 reference reactor included in GALE for
 - BWR water and steam
 - PWR primary and secondary coolant for U-tube steam generators
 - PWR primary and secondary coolant for once-through steam generators
- Adjustment methodology included in GALE to adjust concentrations for given reactor parameters

ANS-18.1 Working Group

- First meeting held June 10, 2015 in San Antonio
 - Ken Geelhood Chair
 - Working group members from NRC, GNF, EPRI, and NuScale
 - Current and future uses for standard were established
 - EPRI presented results from recent project to collect effluent release data
- Path-forward for new standard releases were established
 - Standard back in active status
 - ANS-18.1-2016 is latest version



Q&A and Wrap Up

